

**SETTLEMENT FACILITY
SECOND AMENDED AND RESTATED
CLAIMS RESOLUTION PROCEDURES**

*Second Amended and Restated CRP as of April 1, 2021
Appendix I Maximum Settlement Values Increased as of November 11, 2021
First Amendment to the Second Amended and Restated CRP Amending Sections 3.5 and 9.4 as of May 12, 2022*

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**SETTLEMENT FACILITY SECOND AMENDED
AND RESTATED CLAIMS RESOLUTION PROCEDURES**

Effective April 1, 2021

These Claims Resolution Procedures (“**CRP**”) were adopted as part of the Modified Joint Plan of Reorganization of Garlock Sealing Technologies LLC, et al. and OldCo, LLC, Successor by Merger to Coltec Industries Inc. (the “**Plan**”). They set forth the requirements that Claimants must meet to receive payments from the GST Settlement Facility (the “**Trust**”). The Asbestos Trustee (the “**Trustee**”) will administer these CRP consistent with the terms set forth herein and the terms of the Plan and the Trust and Settlement Facility Agreement (the “**Settlement Facility Agreement**”). The Trust expressly assumes all liabilities and responsibilities for the Claims, as defined below, and the Reorganized Debtors shall have no further financial or other responsibility or liability therefor.

Section 1

Definitions

1.1 **Definitions** The following defined terms apply. All capitalized terms used but not defined here shall have the meanings given to such terms in the Plan.

1.1(a) “**Asbestos Claims Bar Date**” means each of the bar dates set forth in the following orders of the Bankruptcy Court, as and to the extent applicable under the terms of those orders: (a) Order Approving Disclosure Statement and Establishing Asbestos Claims Bar Date and Procedures for Solicitation, dated Apr. 10, 2015 (GST Docket No. 4542) (attached hereto as Appendix VIII); and (b) Order (I) Fixing Bar Date for Certain Asbestos Claims, (II) Approving Proof of Claim Form and Proposed Procedures for Filing Certain Coltec Asbestos Claims, and

(III) Approving Form and Manner of Notice Thereof, dated Feb. 3, 2017 (OldCo, LLC Docket No. 53) (attached hereto as Appendix IX).

1.1(b) **“Bankruptcy Court”** means the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Western District of North Carolina.

1.1(c) **“Bystander Coltec/GST Product Contact”** means the Injured Party’s performance of job duties on a regular basis in close proximity (based on the totality of evidence) to a worker who is performing activities that qualify as Direct Coltec Product Contact or Direct GST Product Contact in a time frame that is reasonably contemporaneous.

1.1(d) **“Claim”** means a Direct Claim or an Indirect Claim.

1.1(e) **“Claimant”** means an Entity asserting a Claim.

1.1(f) **“Claimant Advisory Committee” or “CAC”** means a committee established pursuant to the Settlement Facility Agreement to represent the interests of holders of present Coltec Asbestos Claims and holders of present GST Asbestos Claims.

1.1(g) **“Claim Form”** means the information and documents that the Claimant is required to submit to the Trust to initiate processing of his or her Claim.

1.1(h) **“Coltec/GST Product Contact”** means Direct Coltec Product Contact, Direct GST Product Contact, Bystander Coltec/GST Product Contact and Secondary Coltec/GST Product Contact or any combination of the four.

1.1(i) **“Coltec Product(s)”** means asbestos-containing products supplied or manufactured by Coltec.

1.1(j) **“Contact Group”** means one or more of the five contact groups to which an Injured Party is assigned pursuant to the provisions of Appendix I hereto.

1.1(k) **“Direct Claim”** means a claim asserted by a person seeking a remedy for personal injury or wrongful death caused by exposure to asbestos fibers or dust in Coltec Products and/or GST Products that is channeled to the Trust.

1.1(l) **“Direct Coltec Product Contact”** means the Injured Party’s hands-on performance of one of the following workplace activities on a regular basis: (a) grinding, scraping or wire brushing of asbestos gaskets contained in a Coltec Product in the removal process; (b) cutting individual gaskets from asbestos sheet material for installation in a Coltec Product; or (c) cutting or removal of asbestos packing contained within a Coltec Product.

1.1(m) **“Direct GST Product Contact”** means the Injured Party’s hands-on performance of one of the following workplace activities on a regular basis: (a) grinding, scraping or wire brushing of Garlock asbestos gaskets in the removal process; (b) cutting individual gaskets from Garlock asbestos sheet material; or (c) cutting or removal of Garlock asbestos packing. The Bankruptcy Court found that these activities cause the release of asbestos fibers or dust from Garlock Products, many of which products were encapsulated and therefore were not friable and did not release asbestos fibers or dust on contact unless ground, scraped, brushed or cut.

1.1(n) **“Entity”** means any person, individual, corporation, limited liability company, partnership, association, joint stock company, joint venture, estate, trust, unincorporated organization, the Bankruptcy Administrator or any governmental unit or any political subdivision thereof.

1.1(o) **“Expedited Claim Review”** means the process for determining Matrix Amounts (settlement offers for qualified Claimants) as set forth in Appendix I to these CRP.

1.1(p) **“Extraordinary Claim”** means a malignant Claim that meets the exposure and medical criteria set forth in Appendix I and that is with respect to an Injured Party who credibly

documents (a) a history of extraordinary Coltec/GST Product Contact with little or no exposure to asbestos from other Entities' products and (b) there has not been and there is little likelihood of a substantial recovery elsewhere.

1.1(q) **“Extraordinary Claim Review”** means the process for determining Matrix Amounts (settlement offers for qualified Claimants) as set forth in Appendix II to these CRP.

1.1(r) **“Foreign Claim”** means a Claim based on alleged exposure to asbestos fibers or dust from Coltec Products and/or GST Products that occurred outside of the United States and its territories and possessions with respect to Injured Parties who are not United States citizens or permanent residents.

1.1(s) **“Future Claim”** means a Claim based on a medical diagnosis dated after the Effective Date.

1.1(t) **“Future Claimants’ Representative” or “FCR”** means Joseph W. Grier, III (or any duly appointed successor), who was appointed to represent the interests of holders of Future Coltec Asbestos Claims in the Order Granting Debtors’ Motion to Appoint Joseph W. Grier, III as Future Asbestos Claimants’ Representative [Docket No. 43 in Case No. 17-30140] and holders of Future GST Asbestos Claims in the Order Granting Debtors’ Motion for Appointment of Joseph W. Grier, III as Future Asbestos Claimants’ Representative [Docket No. 512].

1.1(u) **“GST Product(s)”** means asbestos-containing products supplied or manufactured by GST.

1.1(v) **“Indirect Claim”** means a claim that is asserted as a third-party indemnification, contribution, subrogation or similar claim by an Entity that has paid the Holder of a Direct Claim to which the Trust would otherwise have had an obligation.

1.1(w) **“Injured Party” or “IP”** means the individual whose alleged injury is the subject of the Claim.

1.1(x) **“Matrix Amount”** means the settlement offer determined under Expedited Claim Review or Extraordinary Claim Review.

1.1(y) **“Maximum Annual Payment”** means the amount of cash allocated by the Trustee, pursuant to the provisions of Section 2.3 hereof, to each year of the life of the Trust to achieve the goal of paying settlement amounts to holders of Present and Future Claims that are as equal as possible.

1.1(z) **“Maximum Settlement Values”** means the maximum settlement values set forth in the chart in Appendix I for the Contact Groups and disease level.

1.1(aa) **“Other Asbestos Trust”** means a post-confirmation organization established pursuant to a plan of reorganization under the Bankruptcy Code to assume and pay the asbestos-related liability of a debtor.

1.1(bb) **“Other Claims”** means claims for compensation against Entities other than OldCo, LLC, successor by merger to Coltec Industries Inc (“Coltec”), Garlock Sealing Technologies LLC (“GST”) or Garrison Litigation Management Group, Ltd. (“GLM”) that relate directly or indirectly to the alleged injuries that are the subject of a Claim.

1.1(cc) **“Petition Date”** means June 5, 2010.

1.1(dd) **“Pre-Petition Judgment GST Asbestos Claim”** means a Claim against a Debtor evidenced by a written judgment entered before the Petition Date that was not yet subject to a Final Order as of the Confirmation Date and was timely filed by the applicable Asbestos Claims Bar Date, which Claim is listed on Appendix VII. If the holder of a Claim against a Debtor evidenced by a written judgment entered before the Petition Date that was not yet subject to a Final

Order as of the Confirmation Date failed to submit such Claim to the Bankruptcy Court prior to the applicable Asbestos Claims Bar Date but obtains relief from the Bankruptcy Court for the Claim to be deemed timely filed, then such Claim shall be added to Appendix VII and included within the definition of a Pre-Petition Judgment GST Asbestos Claim.

1.1(ee) **“Present Claim”** means a Claim based on a medical diagnosis dated on or prior to the Effective Date.

1.1(ff) **“Related”** means, with respect to a Coltec Asbestos Claim and/or a GST Asbestos Claim, all Coltec Asbestos Claims and GST Asbestos Claims based on a particular Injured Party’s injury (such as Claims by the Injured Party, his or her estate, and family members for loss of consortium, wrongful death, or similar related Claims).

1.1(gg) **“Releasee”** means any Entity or person released under the form of Settlement Release attached hereto as Appendix III.

1.1(hh) **“Secondary Coltec/GST Product Contact”** means regular contact with asbestos fibers or dust from Coltec Products and/or GST Products through contact with someone who had Direct Coltec Product Contact, Direct GST Product Contact or Bystander Coltec/GST Product Contact. The Claimant must demonstrate that the occupationally exposed person experienced Direct Coltec Product Contact, Direct GST Product Contact or Bystander Coltec/GST Product Contact.

1.1(ii) **“Settled Claims Bar Date”** means September 30, 2014, the date by which, as ordered by the Bankruptcy Court, Settled GST Asbestos Claims must have filed a claim with the Bankruptcy Court to avoid the risk of being barred from asserting such claims against the Debtors.

1.1(jj) “**Settled GST Asbestos Claim**” means a Claim based on a settlement agreement listed on Appendix VI marked as liquidated (a Claim as to which the holder and the Debtors agree that the applicable settlement agreement is enforceable) or disputed (a Claim as to which the holder and the Debtors disagree as to the enforceability of the settlement agreement). All Settled GST Asbestos Claims listed on Appendix VI were filed by the Settled Claims Bar Date or were identified as undisputed in the Debtors’ filed Plan schedules. If the holder of a Claim that, as of the Petition Date, was subject to a settlement agreement enforceable under applicable law between GST and the holder of such Claim, failed to submit such Claim to the Bankruptcy Court prior to the Settled Claims Bar Date but obtains relief from the Bankruptcy Court for such Claim to be deemed timely filed, then such Claim shall be added to Appendix VI and included within the definition of Settled GST Asbestos Claim.

1.1(kk) “**Trustee**” means the trustee for the Trust identified in the Settlement Facility Agreement (or any duly appointed successor).

1.1(ll) “**United States**” means the United States of America and its political subdivisions, including states, territories, commonwealths, possessions, and now-existing compacts of free association (namely, those with the Federated States of Micronesia, the Marshall Islands, and Palau), as well as all ships and vessels of the United States Navy, the United States Coast Guard, or any other branch of the armed services of the United States of America.

Section 2

Overview

2.1 **CRP Goals.** The CRP are designed and shall be implemented by the Trustee to the best of his or her ability to (a) generate settlement offers to Claimants that are fair, equitable, expeditious and properly reflective of the injuries allegedly caused to the Injured Parties by

exposure to asbestos fibers or dust from Coltec Products or GST Products, many of which were encapsulated and (b) ensure that over the life of the Trust, Present and Future Claims are treated fairly and equitably in all matters, including the payment of settlement amounts from the Trust that are as equal as possible. Subject to Section 4.3 hereof, the holder of a Claim may only seek compensation from the Trust for one Claim with respect to an Injured Party, regardless of whether the Injured Party was exposed to both Coltec Products and GST Products.

2.2 Compensable Diseases. These CRP compensate the following diseases: malignant mesothelioma, asbestos-related cancers (lung, colo-rectal, laryngeal, esophageal, pharyngeal, or stomach), severe asbestosis, disabling asbestosis, and non-disabling asbestosis. To be compensated, Claimants must satisfy medical requirements for their particular disease and credibly demonstrate that they were exposed to asbestos fibers or dust from Coltec Products or GST Products. If the medical and exposure requirements are satisfied, then the amount that the Claimant is eligible to receive (the Matrix Amount) is determined through the use of published and objective formulas in Appendix I (Expedited Claim Review) and Appendix II (Extraordinary Claim Review), based on the individual characteristics of the Injured Party, such as occupation, industry, disease, age, life status, number of dependents, economic loss, and duration of exposure to asbestos in Coltec Products and/or GST Products.

2.3 Trustee's Determination of Maximum Settlement Values, Medical Information Factors and Maximum Annual Payment. The Asbestos Claimants Committee ("ACC") and the FCR previously agreed to preliminary Maximum Settlement Values and Medical Information Factors for disclosure statement purposes only. Before any payment is made, however, the Trustee shall, in a prudent and conservative manner, independently determine the Maximum Settlement Values and Medical Information Factors, in addition to determining the

Maximum Annual Payment, recognizing in all cases the express goal of these CRP that, over the life of the Trust, Present and Future Claims are to be treated fairly and equitably in all matters, including the payment of settlement amounts from the Trust that are as equal as possible. The Medical Information Factor for malignant mesothelioma shall in no instance be less than 1.

In determining the Maximum Settlement Values, the Medical Information Factors and the Maximum Annual Payment, the Trustee shall consult with the FCR and the CAC and consider, among other things, the number and disease types of Present Claims, the number of Present Claims that are time-barred, the projected number and disease types of Future Claims, the available fund to pay Settled GST Asbestos Claims, the Pre-Petition Judgment GST Asbestos Claims, the Claims Payment Ratio, the value and liquidity of assets then available to the Trust for the payment of Claims, anticipated future returns on such assets, all anticipated administrative and legal expenses, an appropriate reserve to allow for unexpected Claims and possible forecasting errors, and any other material matters that are reasonably likely to affect the sufficiency of funds to provide equal treatment to all holders of Present and Future Claims. In addition, in setting the Medical Information Factors, the Trustee, if he or she deems such information relevant or useful, in his or her sole discretion, may consider the historical relationships among the various disease levels in the tort system with respect to recoveries against the Debtors.

In determining the Maximum Settlement Values, the Medical Information Factors and the Maximum Annual Payment, to the fullest extent provided by the Plan and any orders entered by the Bankruptcy Court, the Trustee shall have access to and may rely upon, among other things, the Debtors' various claims databases, including information provided in response to each Asbestos Claims Bar Date, the Settled Claims Bar Date and the Debtors' questionnaires, and the forecasting models and estimates of the Debtors, the ACC and the FCR.

Each of the FCR and the CAC has the right to challenge the Trustee's determination of the Maximum Settlement Values, the Medical Information Factors and the Maximum Annual Payment, which dispute shall be governed by the Settlement Facility Agreement.

Once the Maximum Annual Payment is determined for a given year, the Trust's distributions to Claimants for each year shall not exceed that Maximum Annual Payment.

The Trustee shall be required to actively monitor the number of claims submitted, the number of claims paid, the Trust's costs and expenses and the Trust's available assets. If the Trustee determines at any time, in his or her sole discretion, that Future Claims may not receive settlement amounts equal to those of Present Claims for any reason, including because more claims are submitted than were projected or asset values are lower than projected ("**Risk of Unequal Treatment**"), the Trustee shall immediately reduce the Maximum Settlement Values and/or the Maximum Annual Payment by an appropriate percentage after first consulting with the CAC and the FCR. Once the Trustee determines there is a Risk of Unequal Treatment, all payments shall be frozen until the Trustee is satisfied the Maximum Settlement Values, the Maximum Annual Payment and/or the Medical Information Factors are adjusted properly.

The Trustee may only increase the Maximum Annual Payment, the Medical Information Factors and the Maximum Settlement Values with the consent of both the CAC and the FCR. Any increase or decrease in the Maximum Settlement Values shall be the same percentage across all Maximum Settlement Values absent the consent of both the CAC and the FCR.

In addition to the adjustments described above, commencing on the second January 1 to occur after the Trust commences paying Claims, and annually thereafter, the Trustee shall adjust the Maximum Settlement Values by the amount of any upward change over the prior year in the

Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (“CPI-U”) published by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

If the Maximum Settlement Values are increased over time, other than as the result of an inflation adjustment, Claimants who have previously been paid by the Trust will receive a proportional additional payment unless the Trustee, after consultation with the CAC and the FCR, concludes that the amount is so modest (such as less than \$100.00) and the administrative costs and burdens are so great in comparison to the benefit to the subject Claimant that such additional payment should be deferred.

In the event there are insufficient funds in any year to pay the liquidated Claims, the available funds shall be paid to the maximum extent to Claimants based on their place in the FIFO Payment Queue described below. Claims for which there are insufficient funds will be carried over to the next year where they will be placed at the head of the FIFO Payment Queue. If there are excess funds because there was an insufficient amount of liquidated Claims to exhaust the respective Maximum Annual Payment amount for more than two consecutive years, then the excess funds will be rolled over.

2.4 Trust Claims Payment Ratio. The Claims Payment Ratio for the various disease categories shall be (i) 85% for “Category A” Claims, which consist of Claims involving malignant mesothelioma, (ii) 10% for “Category B” Claims, which consist of Claims involving lung cancer and (iii) 5% for “Category C” Claims, which consist of claims involving colo-rectal cancer, laryngeal cancer, esophageal cancer, pharyngeal cancer, stomach cancer, severe asbestosis, disabling asbestosis, and non-disabling asbestosis (Category A, Category B and Category C shall be referred to herein as “**Disease Categories**”); provided, however, that all Foreign Claims, as defined in Section 4.5, that are paid by the Trust shall be placed in Category C notwithstanding

the Injured Party's disease level. The Trustee shall apply the Claims Payment Ratio to the Maximum Annual Payment to determine the amount of money available in such year to compensate Claims that fall into each of the Disease Categories.

In the event there are insufficient funds in any year to pay the Claims within any or all of the Disease Categories, the available funds within the particular Disease Category shall be paid to the maximum extent to Claimants in the particular Disease Category based on their place in the FIFO Payment Queue described below. Claims for which there are insufficient funds will be carried to the next year where they will be placed at the head of the FIFO Payment Queue. If there are excess funds in a Disease Category because there was an insufficient amount of liquidated Claims to exhaust the Maximum Annual Payment amount for that Disease Category, then the excess funds for such Disease Category will be rolled over and remain dedicated to the respective Disease Category to which they were originally allocated, so long as the Claims Payment Ratio remains in place.

The Trustee shall not amend the Claims Payment Ratio for five (5) years after the Trust first makes Claim Forms available and provides notice of such date on its website. Following the expiration of that five (5) year initial period, the Trustee may, with the consent of both the CAC and the FCR, amend the Claims Payment Ratio but only to prevent manifest injustice. An increase in the number of Category B and Category C Claims beyond those predicted or expected shall not constitute manifest injustice. If the Trustee amends the Claims Payment Ratio, as part of such amendment, the Trustee may, with the consent of both the CAC and the FCR, transfer excess funds in a Disease Category to another Disease Category with insufficient funds. In the situation where there are excess funds for a Disease Category, the Trustee may instead, with the consent of both

the CAC and the FCR, make adjustments that result in increased payments to the holders of Claims in such Disease Category.

Section 3

Ordering and Processing of Claims

3.1 **Establishment of the FIFO Processing Queue.** The Trust will order Claims to be reviewed for processing purposes on a first-in, first-out (“**FIFO**”) basis except as otherwise provided herein (the “**FIFO Processing Queue**”). A Claimant’s position in the FIFO Processing Queue shall be determined according to the date that the Claim is filed with the Trust, with an earlier filing date being given priority over a later filing date. If any Claims are filed on the same date, the Claimant’s position in the FIFO Processing Queue shall be determined by the date of diagnosis of the asbestos-related disease, with an earlier diagnosis date being given priority over a later diagnosis date. A Claim shall be deemed filed on the date the Claimant places the Claim Form in the mail, or the date upon which the Claimant submits the Claim Form electronically.

3.2 **Processing of Claims.** The Trust will review its Claim files on a regular basis. The Trust shall, upon determining that a Claim qualifies for a settlement offer, tender to the Claimant an offer of payment of the amount determined under these procedures, together with a form of Settlement Release (as defined in the Plan). The form of Settlement Release is attached hereto as Appendix III.

3.3 **Payment of Claims.** Claims shall be paid in FIFO order based on the date the Trust received the Settlement Release (the “**FIFO Payment Queue**”).

3.4 **Same Day Liquidation.** If any Claims are liquidated on the same date, each such Claimant’s position in the FIFO Payment Queue shall be determined by the date of the diagnosis of such Claimant’s asbestos-related disease, with earlier diagnosis dates given priority over later

diagnosis dates, and older claimants given priority over younger claimants if they were diagnosed on the same date.

3.5 Resolution of Settled GST Asbestos Claims and Pre-Petition Judgment GST Asbestos Claims. In order to receive payment from the Trust, the holder of a Settled GST Asbestos Claim or a Pre-Petition Judgment GST Asbestos Claim must submit all documentation that the Trustee deems necessary to demonstrate to the Trust that the claim is in fact a Settled GST Asbestos Claim and eligible for payment under the terms of the applicable settlement agreement or a Pre-Petition Judgment GST Asbestos Claim that qualifies for payment hereunder.

The Trustee shall consult with the CAC and the FCR with respect to a Pre-Petition Judgment GST Asbestos Claim and may appeal or seek further review of such Judgment. If the Trust is successful in such appeal or further review process, then such Claim shall not be payable by the Trust as a Pre-Petition Judgment GST Asbestos Claim. The holder of such Claim may, however, submit such Claim to the Trust and be eligible for payment subject to all of the criteria contained herein with respect to non-Pre-Petition Judgment GST Asbestos Claims.

With respect to Settled GST Asbestos Claims, if the Debtors do not agree that the settlement is enforceable as indicated on Appendix VI hereto, the Claim is payable as a Settled GST Asbestos Claim only if Trust determines that the settlement is enforceable under applicable law. Settled GST Asbestos Claims that were disallowed by the Bankruptcy Court as not settled may submit Claims to the Trust and be eligible for a payment subject to all of the criteria contained herein with respect to non-Settled GST Asbestos Claims.

Notwithstanding any other provision of these CRP to the contrary, all Settled GST Asbestos Claims and Pre-Petition Judgment GST Asbestos Claims must be submitted to the Trust within three (3) months after the Trust first makes Claim Forms available and provides notice of

such date on its website. No Settled GST Asbestos Claim shall be paid until the expiration of such three-month period. A claimant may submit a Claim to the Trust pending receipt of relief from the Bankruptcy Court with respect to the Settled Claims Bar Date, but the Trust will not process any such Claim until the subject Claimant provides evidence that relief from the Bankruptcy Court has been obtained.

The liquidated value of a Settled GST Asbestos Claim or a Pre-Petition Judgment GST Asbestos Claim shall be the unpaid portion of the amount agreed to in the enforceable settlement agreement between GST and the holder of such Claim, the unpaid portion of the final judgment, or the unpaid portion of the amount awarded by the jury verdict or non-final judgment (as to which the Trustee elects not to appeal or seek further review), as the case may be, plus interest, if any, that has accrued on that amount in accordance with the terms of the settlement agreement, if any, or under applicable state law for settlements or judgments, as of the Petition Date; however, except as otherwise provided in Section 9.7 below, the liquidated value of such a Claim shall not include any punitive or exemplary damages. The liquidated amount of any such Claim shall be subject to a payment percentage to be determined by the Trustee after the Effective Date. The Trustee shall set the payment percentage such that the holders of the Settled GST Asbestos Claims and the Pre-Petition Judgment GST Asbestos Claims receive approximately the same percentage recovery as it is anticipated that other Claimants shall receive based on the estimated value of the Claims channeled to the Trust and the assets available to pay such liabilities.

Holders of Settled GST Asbestos Claims and Pre-Petition Judgment GST Asbestos Claims that are secured by letters of credit, appeal bonds, or other security or sureties shall first exhaust their rights against any applicable security or surety before submitting a Claim to the Trust. Only in the event that such security or surety is insufficient to pay the Claim in full shall the deficiency

be processed and paid by the Trust. Any such deficiency shall be subject to the payment percentage.

Pursuant to Section 9.4 of the CRP, the holder of a Settled GST Asbestos Claim or a Pre-Petition Judgment GST Asbestos Claim may seek arbitration to resolve any dispute concerning whether the Claim qualifies for payment hereunder. To be eligible for arbitration, the Claimant must initiate ADR proceedings pursuant to the Trust's ADR procedures within the later of (i) December 1, 2022, or (ii) within six (6) months of the notice of rejection from the Trust. If the written request is not timely submitted, then the claim is no longer eligible for arbitration.

A total fund of \$10 million will be available to pay Settled GST Asbestos Claims (the "**Settled Claims Maximum**"). If the total amount paid by the Trust to Settled GST Asbestos Claims is less than the Settled Claims Maximum, the remaining surplus shall be made available to pay non-Settled GST Asbestos Claims within 60 days of the final liquidation of the last disputed Settled GST Asbestos Claim.

Section 4

Other Claim Issues

4.1 **Deceased or Incompetent Claimant.** Where the Claimant is deceased or incompetent, if the settlement and payment of his or her Claim must be approved by a court of competent jurisdiction prior to acceptance of an offer by the Claimant's representative, such offer shall remain open so long as proceedings before that court remain pending, provided that the Trust has been furnished with evidence that the settlement offer has been submitted to such court for approval. If the offer is ultimately approved by that court and accepted by the Claimant's representative, the Trust shall pay the Claim in the amount so offered.

4.2 **Hardship Claims.** The Trust may liquidate and pay certain qualified Claims that also qualify as Hardship Claims, as defined below, at any time. Such Claims may be considered separately no matter what the order of processing otherwise would have been under these CRP. A Hardship Claim, following its liquidation, shall be placed at the head of the FIFO Payment Queue for its Disease Category for purposes of payment, subject to the Maximum Annual Payment and Claims Payment Ratio described above. An otherwise qualified Claim qualifies for payment as a “**Hardship Claim**” if (i) the Claim is an asbestos-related malignancy claim, and (ii) the Trustee, in his or her sole discretion, determines (a) that the Claimant needs financial assistance on an immediate basis based on the Claimant’s expenses and all sources of available income, and (b) that the Claimant’s dire financial condition is a result of the Claimant’s asbestos-related disease.

4.3 **Second Disease (Malignancy) Claims.** The holder of a non-malignant asbestos-related disease Claim (including the holder of such a claim that was settled and paid by a Debtor prior to the formation of the Trust) may file a new Claim based on a malignant asbestos-related disease that qualifies for payment from the Trust if it is diagnosed after payment on the non-malignant Claim. The Settlement Release shall not require such a Claimant to release the subsequent disease Claim, and the Trust shall not enforce the provision of any release entered into with a Debtor releasing such a subsequent disease Claim. Any additional payments to which such Claimant may be entitled with respect to such malignant asbestos-related disease shall not be reduced by the amount paid for such non-malignant Claim.

4.4 **Conspiracy Theories.** Claims based on conspiracy theories against the Debtors are not compensable under these CRP.

4.5 **Foreign Claims.** Foreign Claims are not compensable under these CRP unless the holder of a Foreign Claim files a lawsuit in the United States. If this occurs, the Trust shall process

the holder's claim provided the holder complies with the requirements set forth herein. The holder of the Foreign Claim shall be required to submit to the Trust a filing fee pursuant to Section 8.2 hereof and information establishing, to the Trustee's satisfaction, that the Injured Party is suffering from one of the diseases described in Appendix I and that such Injured Party had at least six (6) months of Coltec/GST Product Contact. All information submitted to the Trust must be in English. If these requirements are met, the Trust shall determine the amount that the Claimant is entitled to receive based on the disease of the Injured Party. If the Injured Party is suffering from mesothelioma, the settlement amount shall be \$100; if the Injured Party is suffering from asbestos-related lung cancer or severe asbestosis, the settlement amount shall be \$50; if the Injured Party is suffering from asbestos-related other cancer or disabling asbestosis, the settlement amount shall be \$25; and if the Injured Party is suffering from non-disabling asbestosis, the settlement amount shall be \$10.

4.6 Workers' Compensation Claims. If an Injured Party's Claim is based on exposure to asbestos fibers or dust while that Injured Party was an employee of a Debtor, Claimant must certify that the Injured Party and/or his or her beneficiaries did not receive any Workers' Compensation insurance recovery under the Debtors' Workers' Compensation insurance with respect to the Claim, and if there is any recovery, under the Debtors' Workers' Compensation insurance, the Trust shall not have any liability with respect to the Claim.

Section 5

Effect of Statutes of Limitations and Repose and Asbestos Claims Bar Date

5.1 Time-Barred Claims. No Claim will be entitled to any distribution from the Trust if it was time-barred as of the Petition Date.

5.2 Filing Deadline for Claims Subject to Asbestos Claims Bar Date. Claims subject to, and in compliance with, an Asbestos Claims Bar Date must be submitted to the Trust within the later of (i) the statute of limitations applicable under non-bankruptcy law in the jurisdiction where a claim against a Debtor was filed or, if not filed, could have been timely and properly filed (including any extension of time by operation of 11 U.S.C. Section 108(c)), and (ii) one (1) year after the effective date of the Second Amended and Restated CRP.

Claims that were subject to an Asbestos Claims Bar Date but are not in compliance with such Asbestos Claims Bar Date are barred and not compensable under these CRP unless relief has been obtained from the Bankruptcy Court, in which case the Claim must be submitted to the Trust within the deadline described in the previous paragraph. A claimant may submit such Claim to the Trust pending receipt of relief from the Bankruptcy Court, but the Trust will not process any such Claim until the subject Claimant provides evidence that relief from the Bankruptcy Court has been obtained.

5.3 Filing Deadline for Claims Not Subject to an Asbestos Claims Bar Date. Claims not subject to an Asbestos Claims Bar Date must be filed within the later of (i) the statute of limitations applicable under non-bankruptcy law in the jurisdiction where a claim against a Debtor could have been timely and properly filed (including any extension of time by operation of 11 U.S.C. § 108(c)), including, but not limited to, any state where Coltec/GST Product Contact occurred, the Claimant's state of residence, and the state of North Carolina or any other state of a Releasee's residency or incorporation, (ii) one (1) year after the effective date of the Second Amended and Restated CRP, and (iii) two (2) years after the date of diagnosis.

Section 6

Settlement Review Process

6.1 Claimant's Choice of Expedited Claim or Extraordinary Claim Review. Matrix Amounts pursuant to Expedited Claim Review and Extraordinary Claim Review are determined through the use of formulas set forth in Appendix I and II, respectively, to these CRP. A Claimant may submit a Claim for Expedited Claim Review or, if the Claim is an Extraordinary Claim, Extraordinary Claim Review.

6.2 Expedited Claim Review and Extraordinary Claim Review Distinguished. Within Expedited Claim Review and Extraordinary Claim Review, Matrix Amounts are calculated by reference to occupation, industry, disease, age, life status, number of dependents, economic loss, and duration of Coltec/GST Product Contact. The manner in which these factors are determined and valued is detailed in Appendix I hereto. Only Claims satisfying the criteria set forth in Appendix I, as well as all other criteria in these CRP, are eligible for settlement offers under these CRP.

Expedited Claim Review requires less information than Extraordinary Claim Review as Claims submitted for Extraordinary Claim Review are subject to additional verification and documentation requirements. Only holders of Extraordinary Claims may seek Extraordinary Claim Review.

6.3 Payment of Claims Accepting Settlement Offers. If the Trust determines the Claim is eligible for payment under Expedited Claim Review or Extraordinary Claim Review (as applicable) and the Claimant executes the form of Settlement Release attached hereto as Appendix III, the Claim shall be placed in the FIFO Payment Queue following which the Trust shall disburse payment subject to the requirements of these CRP.

6.4 **Submission Requirements.** Whether a Claim is submitted under either Expedited Claim Review or Extraordinary Claim Review, it must meet threshold, medical, and Coltec/GST Product Contact requirements set forth below, and must be submitted with the information necessary to determine a settlement offer under either the Expedited Claim or Extraordinary Claim Review procedures described in Appendices I and II.

6.5 **Threshold Requirements for All Claimants.** To be eligible for a payment under these CRP, a Claimant must satisfy the following threshold requirements:

- (a) The Claimant (or the Claimant's predecessor) has not released the Claim against the Debtors, the Reorganized Debtors, the Trust, or Reorganized Garrison (or had such Claim resolved by final judgment, dismissal, or order), subject to the exception for Second Disease Claims described in Section 4.3;
- (b) The Claimant has not obtained a judgment against Debtors based on the asbestos-related injury alleged in the Claim that has been fully satisfied;
- (c) The Claim has not been disallowed by the Bankruptcy Court, except that Settled GST Asbestos Claimants whose Claims are disallowed by the Bankruptcy Court as not settled may nevertheless submit such Claims to the Trust and be eligible for a payment from the Trust, subject to all criteria contained herein;
- (d) The Claimant has not transferred his or her right to recover with respect to the Claim such that the Claim can be asserted by another person. (The fact that a Claimant has executed a "subrogation agreement" with a health insurer or that a statutory provision grants to any governmental entity rights of subrogation shall not be construed as a transfer of the Claimant's right to recover); and
- (e) The Claim is in compliance with an Asbestos Claims Bar Date or the Settled Claims Bar Date, as applicable, unless relief has been obtained from the Bankruptcy Court.

6.6 **Medical Requirements for All Claimants.** To be eligible for a payment under these CRP, all Claimants must support their Claims with the medical documentation described in Appendix I applicable to the condition they allege. All diagnoses must be accompanied by either (i) a statement by the physician providing the diagnosis that at least ten (10) years have elapsed between the date of first exposure to asbestos and the diagnosis, or (ii) a history of exposure to

asbestos fibers or dust sufficient to establish a 10-year latency period. Such statement may take the form of information in the Injured Party's medical records or reports (i.e., exposure history).

Medical evidence provided in support of the Claim must be credible and consistent with recognized medical standards. Each diagnosis must be made by a board-certified physician in an appropriate specialty, whose license and certification are not (or were not at the time of the diagnosis) on inactive status, to a level of reasonable medical probability. Pulmonary function testing, where required, must be performed using equipment, methods of calibration, and techniques that meet the lung function testing criteria adopted by the American Thoracic Society ("ATS") current as of the date the test is performed.¹

Any diagnosis of asbestosis (including in connection with asbestos-related lung cancer or laryngeal cancer) must be made by (i) a board-certified pathologist, who personally reviewed the Injured Party's pathology, or (ii) a board-certified internist, pulmonologist, radiologist, or occupational medicine physician who actually examined the Injured Party or reviewed and listed relevant medical records, with findings contained in a narrative written report.

In assessing the reliability of any diagnosis, the Trustee may consider whether the diagnosis discusses the basis for the opinion and the reason for rejection of other reasonably possible diagnoses.

A finding by a physician that a Claimant's disease is "consistent with" or "compatible with" asbestosis shall not alone be treated by the Trust as a diagnosis.

¹ Pulmonary function testing performed in a hospital accredited by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations, or performed, reviewed, or supervised by a board-certified pulmonologist, internist, radiologist or occupational medicine physician shall be presumed to comply with ATS standards, and the Claimant may submit a summary report of the testing. In all other cases, the Claimant must submit the full report of the testing; provided, however, that if the pulmonary function testing was conducted prior to the Effective Date of the Plan and the full report is not available, the Claimant must then submit a declaration signed by a board-certified pulmonologist, internist, radiologist or occupational medicine physician, in the form provided by the Trust, certifying that the pulmonary function testing was conducted in compliance with ATS standards.

With respect to all disease Claims, the Trustee may require, among other things, the submission of x-rays, CT scans, detailed results of pulmonary function tests, laboratory tests, tissue samples, and results of medical examination or reviews of other medical evidence.

The Trust must require that the medical evidence submitted comply with recognized medical standards, including those regarding equipment, testing, methods, and procedures to assure that such evidence is reliable.

In the case of deceased Injured Parties, the Trustee may take into account the medical standards in place at the time of the subject test in evaluating the reliability of the evidence, and at the Claimant's request, the Trustee may waive the board-certified requirements in the case of an otherwise qualified physician whose X-ray and/or CT scan readings are submitted for the deceased Injured Party. The decision to waive this requirement in that circumstance shall be in the Trustee's sole discretion.

With respect to malignant mesothelioma, the Trust in assessing the reliability of a diagnosis may request and consider information concerning the following:

- Whether the pathologist or laboratory has performed a panel of appropriate (as of the time of the diagnosis) immunohistochemical stains on tumor tissue from a biopsy, and if not, whether there is good cause and whether the laboratory has instead performed a panel of appropriate immunohistochemical stains on a specimen obtained from cytology;
- Whether the pathological report identifies the morphologic form of the tumor; that is, whether the tumor is epithelial (also referred to as epithelioid), sarcomatous (also referred to as sarcomatoid), or mixed epithelial and sarcomatous (sometimes referred to as biphasic or bimorphic);

- Whether all treating physicians who expressed a diagnosis in the records concurred that the Injured Party had diffuse malignant mesothelioma;
- Whether there is an expert finding that the gross distribution of tumor in the Injured Party's thorax is typical of malignant pleural mesothelioma;
- Whether there is an expert finding that the gross distribution of tumor in the Injured Party's abdominal cavity is typical of malignant peritoneal mesothelioma;
- Whether there is a report by a board-certified radiologist documenting that the gross distribution of tumor based on CT scans or PET scans of the Injured Party's thorax is typical of malignant pleural mesothelioma; and
- Whether there is a report by a board-certified radiologist documenting that the gross distribution of tumor based on CT scans or PET scans of the Injured Party's abdominal cavity is typical of malignant peritoneal mesothelioma.

6.7 Coltec/GST Product Contact Requirement for All Claimants.

6.7(a) **Coltec/GST Product Contact.** To be eligible for payment from the Trust, the Claimant must demonstrate to the Trustee's satisfaction that the Injured Party experienced Coltec/GST Product Contact, which Coltec/GST Product Contact could have credibly contributed to causing his or her asbestos-related condition. The Claim Form must require certification of the Claimant's belief in this regard and will set forth the specific exposure information required by the Trust, including the Injured Party's occupation or occupations. Garlock and Coltec ceased supplying and manufacturing asbestos-containing products by December 31, 2000. Further, a common usage of asbestos containing gaskets and packing was in high temperature settings. The Trustee, in his discretion, may consider these facts when determining that Coltec/GST Product Contact credibly contributed to a Claimant's asbestos-related condition. The Trustee may also

require submission of other or additional evidence of Coltec/GST Product Contact when he or she deems it to be necessary.

All Claimants, other than malignant mesothelioma Claimants, must credibly demonstrate to the Trustee's satisfaction that the Injured Party had at least six (6) months of total Coltec/GST Product Contact during the Injured Party's career (or the career of the occupationally exposed person in the case of Secondary Coltec/GST Product Contact). Claims involving Injured Parties with malignant mesothelioma must credibly demonstrate Coltec/GST Product Contact to the Trustee's satisfaction, but there is no six-month minimum. If an Injured Party's only Coltec/GST Product Contact is Secondary Coltec/GST Product Contact, the Trust shall only make a settlement offer if the Injured Party has been diagnosed with malignant mesothelioma. If the Claimant experienced Coltec/GST Product Contact while confined to a ship at sea for fifty (50) days, the Trust shall consider the fifty (50) days of exposure equivalent to six (6) months of total Coltec/GST Product Contact.

For all Coltec/GST Product Contact, Claimants must provide (i) identification (by name, address or other description) of the residence(s), plant(s), ship(s), or commercial building(s), and, if applicable, the city and state where Coltec/GST Product Contact allegedly occurred; (ii) the month and year(s) the Claimant began working at the site in the occupation and industry in which he/she experienced Coltec/GST Product Contact and the month and year when he/she ceased working in such occupation and industry at such site (if the Claimant experienced Coltec/GST Product Contact at multiple sites and/or in multiple occupations and industries, he/she shall provide the information for each period of time); (iii) the Injured Party's occupation, job title, and employer(s) at the time of Coltec/GST Product Contact (or, in the case of Secondary Coltec/GST Product Contact, the occupation, job title, and employer(s) of the occupationally exposed person

at the time of Coltec/GST Product Contact); (iv) identification of a Coltec Product and/or GST Product with which the Injured Party had contact; and (v) the manner in which the Injured Party experienced Coltec/GST Product Contact. If a Claimant does not know the exact month or year the Injured Party began or ceased working at a site in an occupation and industry or the job title or employer for any period of time, he or she shall explain the reason for the lack of knowledge, and the Trustee, based on the facts, may, in his or her sole discretion, waive the requirement that such information be provided.

The Contact Groups for various occupations and industries are contained in Appendix IV to these CRP. The Contact Groups have been defined based on the assumed potential frequency and intensity of contact with Coltec Products and/or GST Products. The Trustee shall have the discretion to take into consideration an Injured Party's activities at a site in addition to such person's official job title in placing the Injured Party in a Contact Group.

6.7(b) Documentation of Coltec/GST Product Contact. All information required by 6.7(a), including particularly the Injured Party's occupation, must be evidenced by (a) interrogatories, declarations, depositions, testimony, or other sworn statements verified or made under penalty of perjury by a person who is competent to testify to the information contained therein, providing sufficient background information to explain how such person acquired the personal direct knowledge of such facts and allowing the Trust to determine the credibility of the person making the sworn statement; or (b) other credible and authentic documents (such as, for example, union membership records, military records and social security records); provided, however, that in the case of deceased Injured Parties, the Trustee shall have the discretion to consider the totality of the evidence provided in determining whether the Claimant has demonstrated to the Trustee's satisfaction that the Injured Party experienced Coltec/GST Product

Contact, which Coltec/GST Product Contact could have credibly contributed to causing his or her asbestos-related condition and waive the documentation requirements set forth in this Section 6.7(b) to the extent the Trustee believes appropriate. The Trust may request copies of other documents necessary for assessing the credibility of the allegation of Coltec/GST Product Contact, including copies of any interrogatory answers submitted by the Claimant or Injured Party in any asbestos litigation relating to the alleged asbestos-related injury.

6.7(c) **Site List Limitations.** Evidence that Coltec Products and/or GST Products were used at a plant, facility, or other worksite where the Injured Party worked is, in and of itself, not sufficient to provide the showing required in this Section 6.7.

6.8 **Additional Documentation and Information for Extraordinary Claim Review.** To be eligible for a payment under these CRP, a Claim submitted for Extraordinary Claim Review must provide the following additional information:

6.8(a) **Requirement to Identify Other Claims.** A Claimant seeking Extraordinary Claim Review must submit the information described in Section 6.8(b) about all Other Claims that relate in any way to the alleged injuries for which the Claimant seeks compensation. Other Claims about which information must be submitted include claims by the Claimant, the Claimant's decedent, and any present or past Holder of the Claim. Other Claims include, but are not limited to, the following: (a) lawsuits filed in any court, arbitration proceedings before any panel or tribunal, and administrative proceedings (such as Workers' Compensation claims) before any governmental or quasi-governmental body; (b) claims that were resolved or settled without the institution of litigation (such as pre-filing settlements reached after notification of the existence of a claim without the need to file a lawsuit); and (c) claims that have been

submitted in bankruptcy proceedings or to Other Asbestos Trusts or claims resolution Entities that resulted from bankruptcy proceedings.

6.8(b) Information Required About Other Claims. The Claimant shall submit the following information for each Other Claim: (a) the name of the Entity against whom the Other Claim was made, (b) the date of the Other Claim, and (c) the amounts of all payments received or to be received from the Entity to whom the Other Claim was submitted. The Claimant must also submit copies of any documents submitted to or served upon any such Entity containing information regarding the alleged Injured Party's contact with or exposure to asbestos or asbestos-containing products, including without limitation any claim forms submitted to Other Asbestos Trusts (along with any attachments), ballots submitted by or on behalf of the Claimant in any bankruptcy case, and any discovery response filed or served in tort litigation. The Claimant shall also certify that, to the best of his knowledge, at that time, with the exception of the Other Claims that have been expressly disclosed and identified by the Claimant, no other Entity is known to the Claimant to be potentially responsible for the alleged injuries that are the basis of the Claim.

6.8(c) Authorization for Release of Information. Any Claimant seeking Extraordinary Claim Review shall execute a release of information form in favor of the Trust, in the form attached as Appendix V, authorizing all Other Asbestos Trusts against whom an Other Claim has been made or asserted based on the Injured Party's injury to release to the Trust all information submitted to it by the person or Entity who made the Other Claim and to disclose the status of any such claim and the amount and date of any payment on the claim. The release of information form shall authorize the Trust to obtain all submissions made by the Claimant or his or her heirs, executors, successors, or assigns in the future to any Other Asbestos Trust. The Trust may amend the form attached as Appendix V from time to time to add newly established Other

Asbestos Trusts. These authorizations will be used not only to verify information provided in connection with particular Claims but also in connection with the Trust's periodic audits for fraud.

6.8(d) Attorney or Claimant Certification. If the Claimant seeking Extraordinary Claim Review (or any Related Claimant) is or has been represented by an attorney in any litigation or in the filing of Other Asbestos Trust claims based on the injury that forms the basis for the Claim, the Claimant's attorney shall provide a certification under penalty of perjury. The certification shall affirm that the attorney has fully investigated the alleged injuries that are the basis of the Claim, including conferring with any other attorneys who represent the Claimant with respect to claims against Other Asbestos Trusts or any other Entity, and that no good-faith basis exists, at the time the certification is executed, to bring a claim against any Entity that is not identified in the Claim Form submitted to the Trust by the Claimant.

6.8(e) Individual Claimant Certification. If the Claimant seeking Extraordinary Claim Review (or any Related Claimant) has not been represented by an attorney in any litigation or in the filing of Other Asbestos Trust claims based on the injury that forms the basis for the Claim, the Claimant shall provide a certification under penalty of perjury that he or she has fully investigated the alleged injuries that are the basis of the Claim, and that no good-faith basis exists, at the time the certification is executed, to bring a claim against any Entity that is not identified in the Claim Form submitted to the Trust by the Claimant.

6.9 Releases. As a condition to making a payment to any Claimant, the Trust shall obtain from such Claimant a Settlement Release in the form attached hereto as Appendix III. The protection afforded by such release is supplemental to, and does not derogate from or imply any deficiency in, the protection provided by the Discharge Injunction and the Asbestos Channeling

Injunction. The Trustee may modify the provisions of the Settlement Release so long as he or she obtains the consent of the CAC, the FCR and the Reorganized Debtors to the modifications.

Section 7

Reliability of Claim Information

7.1 **Reliable Information.** Although the Trust will not strictly apply rules of evidence and authenticity standards, information provided in support of a Claim, including evidence of Coltec/GST Product Contact, must be, at a minimum, reliable, meaningful and credible so that the Trustee is fully informed regarding the foundations for facts asserted in support of the Claim and is able to determine whether the Injured Party was exposed on a regular basis to asbestos fibers or dust from Coltec Products and/or GST Products to the extent required by the standards set forth in Appendix I for the Injured Party's Contact Group. Medical information submitted in support of a Claim must comply with recognized medical standards (including, but not limited to, standards regarding equipment, testing methods, and procedures).

7.2 **Copies.** The Trust normally will accept copies, including electronic copies, instead of authenticated copies of x-ray reports, laboratory tests, medical examinations, and other medical records and reviews that otherwise comply with recognized medical and legal standards unless circumstances indicate that the copies of the tests, reports, and/or review are not authentic or are otherwise unreliable. Further, the Trust normally will accept copies, including electronic copies, instead of authenticated copies of deposition testimony, union membership records, invoices, affidavits, business records, deck logs, military service records (including leave records) or other credible indirect or secondary evidence in a form otherwise acceptable to the Trust that establishes an Injured Party's occupation, occupational history, business or other losses, or the Injured Party's presence at a particular ship, facility, job site, building or buildings, or location during a time

period in which the Coltec Product and/or GST Product was present, unless circumstances show that the information being submitted is unreliable.

7.3 **Unreliable Information.** The Trustee has sole discretion to exclude and disregard unreliable information. Examples of unreliable information include, but are expressly not limited to, circumstances that raise questions of authenticity of copies or where persons preparing Claims or verifying facts offered in support of a Claim lack direct knowledge of such facts, but fail to reveal and describe what facts and how and from what sources they learned those facts, which they relied upon as the basis for their assertion of such facts. In deciding whether to exclude and disregard unreliable information, the Trustee shall consider, but not be strictly bound by, rules of evidence. Rather, the Trustee shall instead exercise his or her discretion to determine whether the subject information is sufficiently probative. If any Trust has rejected or will not consider any information submitted by a particular law firm or claimant or prepared by a particular doctor or expert, such information may be deemed presumptively unreliable.

Section 8

Claim Forms and Fees

8.1 **Claim Forms.** The Trustee shall prepare suitable and efficient Claim Forms for all Claims consistent with these CRP, and after consulting with both the CAC and the FCR, shall post the materials to the Trust's website and provide such Claim Forms upon a written request to the Trust for such materials. The Claim Forms shall include such instructions as the Trustee shall approve. The Claimant must certify that all information submitted on the Claim Form, including occupation information, is truthful and accurate. All Claim Forms shall be signed by the Claimant or the Claimant's representative (including the Claimant's attorney), under penalty of perjury and must include a contact address (which may be an attorney) at which the Claimant may receive

notices from the Trust, including an email and street address. For any notices the Trust is required to send to Claimants under these CRP or the Plan, the Trust may serve the notice by email. The Trustee may subsequently modify any of the Claim Forms so long as (a) any modifications are consistent with the goals, principles and provisions of these CRP and (b) the Trustee consults with the CAC and the FCR with respect to the modifications.

8.2 **Claim Fees.** To be processed by the Trust, Claimants must submit the following filing fees: (i) \$100 for Category A Claims; (ii) \$75 for Category B Claims; and (iii) \$50 for Category C Claims. The fees shall be refunded in full to a Claimant who receives and accepts payment of a settlement offer from the Trust. At any time following the three-year anniversary of the date the Trust first makes Claim Forms available, the Trustee may amend the filing fees with the consent of both the CAC and the FCR. Notwithstanding anything contained herein, holders of Settled GST Asbestos Claims marked as liquidated on Appendix VI shall not be required to submit a filing fee to the Trust.

Section 9

Deferrals, Withdrawals, Arbitration and Litigation

9.1 **Deferrals and Deficiencies.** At any time within the first year following the date of the filing of a Claim, the Claimant can request that the processing of his or her Claim by the Trust be deferred for a period not to exceed one (1) year without affecting the status of the Claim for statute of limitations purposes. When the Claimant certifies to the Trust that the Claim is ready for review, the Claim shall return to active status and be placed in the FIFO Processing Queue, and the Trust shall review the Claim when it is reached in the FIFO Processing Queue. If the Claimant fails to certify that the Claim is ready for review before the end of the one-year deferral period, such Claim shall be stricken and not be eligible for payment by the Trust.

After reviewing a Claim, the Trust shall either approve the Claim for payment or provide the Claimant with a list of deficiencies in the Claim Form that preclude a settlement offer. The Claimant shall have six (6) months in which to respond to these deficiencies to attempt to obtain a settlement offer. If the Trust does not receive a response within six (6) months, the Trust shall reject the Claim. There is no time limit within which a Claim must be either approved or rejected by the Trust, but a Claimant must respond to each deficiency notice received from the Trust within six (6) months to avoid a claim rejection. If a rejected Claim is re-submitted, the Claimant shall be required to pay a new filing fee. The filing of a Claim with the Trust shall toll the statute of limitations period until a Claim is rejected, at which time the statute of limitations will continue to run where it left off when the Claim was filed with the Trust. This provision will not preclude the assertion of Second Disease Claims.

9.2 **Withdrawals.** If a Claimant withdraws a Claim, such Claim will not be eligible for payment by the Trust.

9.3 **Establishment of ADR Procedures.** The Trustee, after consultation with the CAC and the FCR, shall establish binding and non-binding Alternative Dispute Resolution (“ADR”) procedures for resolving disputes concerning Claims. The ADR Procedures shall, in the first instance, contain the following provisions with respect to the allocation of the costs associated with arbitration: (a) if the Claimant elects non-binding arbitration, the costs associated with the arbitration and the arbitrator’s fees shall be split 50/50 between the Claimant and the Trust; and (b) if the Claimant elects binding arbitration, the Trust shall pay the costs associated with the arbitration and the arbitrator’s fees. The ADR procedures may be modified by the Trustee for good cause after consultation with the CAC and the FCR. A Claimant whose Claim is eligible for arbitration may arbitrate disputes over whether a settlement offer should have been made on a

Claim or not, and, if made, the amount of the settlement offer. In all arbitrations, the arbitrator shall apply the requirements of these CRP.

9.4 Claims Eligible for Arbitration. Only Expedited Review Claims are eligible for arbitration. In order for an Expedited Review Claim to be eligible for arbitration, the Claimant must first complete Expedited Claim Review, which shall be treated as completed for these purposes when the Claim has been reviewed by the Trust and either (i) the Trust has made a settlement offer on the Claim, the Claimant has rejected the settlement offer, and the Claimant has notified the Trust of the rejection in writing, or (ii) the Trust has rejected the Claim and notified the Claimant in writing. The holder of a Settled GST Asbestos Claim or a Pre-Petition Judgment GST Asbestos Claim may seek arbitration to resolve any dispute concerning whether the Claim qualifies for payment hereunder; provided the holder initiates ADR proceedings pursuant to the Trust's ADR procedures within the later of (i) December 1, 2022, or (ii) within six (6) months of the notice of rejection from the Trust as set forth in Section 3.5 of the CRP. The decisions of the Trustee and the Extraordinary Claim Review Panel concerning Extraordinary Claims are final and not subject to review in arbitration or the tort system, as set forth in Appendix II.

9.5 Limitations on and Payment of Arbitration Awards. For an Expedited Claim Review Claim, the arbitrator shall not return an award in excess of the Maximum Settlement Value for the appropriate Contact Group under Expedited Claim Review after taking into account disease, with both the appropriate Contact Group and disease being determined by the arbitrator. A Claimant who submits to arbitration and who accepts the arbitral award shall receive payments in the same manner as one who accepts the Trust's original settlement offer.

9.6 Suits in the Tort System. If the holder of a disputed Claim disagrees with the Trust's determination regarding the Claim, and if the holder has first submitted the Claim to, and

completed, non-binding arbitration as provided above, the holder may file a lawsuit against the Trust in any of the following jurisdictions: (a) the jurisdiction in which the IP resided at the time of diagnosis; (b) any jurisdiction in which the IP experienced Coltec/GST Product Contact; (c) the jurisdiction in which the Claimant resided at the time the Claim was filed with the Trust; and (d) the state of North Carolina or any other state of a Releasee's residency or incorporation. Any such lawsuit must be filed by the Claimant in his or her own right and name and not as a member or representative of a class, and no such lawsuit may be consolidated with any other lawsuit. All defenses (including, with respect to the Trust, all defenses which could have been asserted by a Debtor) shall be available at trial.

9.7 Payment of Judgments for Money Damages. If and when a Claimant obtains a judgment in the tort system, the Claim shall be placed in the FIFO Payment Queue based on the date on which the judgment became final. Thereafter, the Claimant shall receive from the Trust an initial payment (subject to the Maximum Annual Payment and the Claims Payment Ratio provisions set forth above) of an amount equal to the greater of (i) the Trust's last offer to the Claimant or (ii) the award that the Claimant declined in non-binding arbitration; provided, however, that in no event shall such payment amount exceed the amount of the judgment obtained in the tort system. Subject to the cap on payment set forth below, the Claimant shall receive the balance of the judgment, if any, in five (5) equal installments in years six (6) through ten (10) following the year of the initial payment (also subject to the Maximum Annual Payment and the Claims Payment Ratio provisions above in effect on the date of the payment of the subject installment). Under no circumstances shall interest be paid under any statute on any judgments obtained in the tort system.

The total amount paid with respect to a Claim shall not exceed the Maximum Settlement Value for the appropriate Contact Group under Expedited Claim Review after taking into account disease, with both the appropriate Contact Group and disease being determined by the court. For example, if the court determines that the Claim is a Contact Group 2 Claim and the Injured Party's disease is mesothelioma, the total amount paid with respect to such Claim shall not exceed \$44,759.

9.8 **Punitive Damages.** Except as provided below for Claims asserted under the Alabama Wrongful Death Statute, punitive or exemplary damages, i.e., damages other than compensatory damages, shall not be paid. The only damages that may be awarded pursuant to these CRP to Alabama Claimants who are deceased and whose personal representatives pursue their claims only under the Alabama Wrongful Death Statute shall be compensatory damages determined pursuant to the statutory and common law of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania without regard to its choice of law principles.

Section 10

Indirect Claims

10.1 **Indirect Claims.** Indirect Claims shall be subject to the same options, categorization, evaluation, and payment provisions of these CRP as all other Claims, subject to the criteria in this Section.

10.2 **Valid Indirect Coltec/GST Asbestos Claims.** Indirect Claims shall be treated as valid and paid by the Trust if they meet the following requirements.

10.2(a) **Not Disallowed.** Such Claim is in compliance with an applicable Asbestos Claims Bar Date and is not otherwise disallowed by Section 502(e) of the Bankruptcy Code or subordinated under Section 509(c) of the Bankruptcy Code.

10.2(b) **Payment of and Release by Direct Claimant.** The Holder of such Claim (the “**Indirect Claimant**”) establishes to the satisfaction of the Trustee that (i) the Indirect Claimant has paid in full the Holder of a Direct Claim for which the Trust would otherwise have had a liability or obligation under these CRP (the “**Direct Claimant**”), (ii) the Direct Claimant and the Indirect Claimant have forever and fully released the Trust from any liability to the Direct Claimant, and (iii) the Claim is not otherwise barred by a statute of limitation or repose or by other applicable law.

10.2(c) **Establishing Indirect Claim.** To establish a valid Indirect Claim, the Indirect Claimant’s aggregate liability for the Direct Claimant’s Claim must also have been fixed, liquidated, and paid fully by the Indirect Claimant by settlement (with an appropriate full release in favor of the Trust and all other parties referenced above) or a Final Order (as defined in the Plan) provided that such Claim is valid under applicable law. In any case where the Indirect Claimant has satisfied the Claim of a Direct Claimant against the Trust under applicable law by way of a settlement, the Indirect Claimant shall obtain for the benefit of the Trust a release in form and substance satisfactory to the Trust.

10.3 **Otherwise Valid Indirect Claims.** If an Indirect Claimant cannot meet the requirements set forth above, including the requirement that the Indirect Claimant provide the Trust with a full release of the Direct Claimant’s Claim, the Indirect Claimant may request that the Trust review the Indirect Claim to determine whether the Indirect Claimant can establish under applicable law that the Indirect Claimant has paid all or a portion of a Direct Claim. If the Indirect Claimant can satisfactorily show that it has paid all or a portion of such a liability or obligation, the Trust shall process such Indirect Claim on the same basis as the Trust would have processed the underlying Direct Claim in the absence of payment by such Indirect Claimant to the Direct

Claimant; provided, however, that if the Indirect Claim is submitted with respect to an asserted subrogation right, (a) such Indirect Claim shall not be processed until the relevant Direct Claim has been submitted to the Trust and approved and (b) if the Direct Claimant's law firm has entered into an agreement with respect to lien issues, the Trust shall abide by the lien resolution procedures provided for in such agreement. In no event shall the amount paid to the Indirect Claimant be greater than (a) the amount to which the Direct Claimant would have otherwise been entitled, or, if less, (b) the amount paid by such Indirect Claimant on account of such Direct Claim.

10.4 Processing and Payment of Indirect Claims. Indirect Claims that are entitled to payment from the Trust shall be processed and paid in accordance with procedures to be developed and implemented by the Trust consistent with the provisions of this Section 10, which procedures shall, consistent with the threshold requirements of this Section 10, provide the same Expedited Claim and Extraordinary Claim Review and payment procedures and rights to the Holders of such Claims as the Trust would have afforded the Holders of the underlying Direct Claims.

Section 11

Audits

11.1 Audit Program. The Trustee, after consultation with the CAC and the FCR, shall develop methods for auditing the claims process, including, but not limited to, the evaluation, ordering, processing, and payment of Claims. The Trustee shall also develop methods for auditing Claims themselves, including, but not limited to (i) the reliability of medical evidence, including additional reading of x-rays, CT scans, and verification of pulmonary function tests; (ii) the reliability of evidence of Coltec/GST Product Contact, including, but not limited to, the identification of occupation and industry; (iii) the reliability of evidence of sources of asbestos exposure; and (iv) allocation of the costs of audits. In developing audit methods, the Trustee may

consider audit procedures adopted by other Trusts. Once finalized, the Trustee's audit methods shall be implemented by the Trust. In conducting an audit, the Trustee may request any relevant non-privileged information, in his or her discretion, including information concerning Other Claims, from a Claimant or Claimant's attorney. The Trustee may require a Claimant whose Claim is being audited to execute a release of information form in favor of the Trust in the form attached as Appendix V. If the Claimant refuses to provide information concerning Other Claims, the Trustee may, in his or her sole discretion, invoke the remedies in this Section 11.

11.2 Inconsistent Information. In the event that the Trustee reasonably determines that any individual or Entity, including a Claimant or Claimant's attorney, physician, PFT facility, or X-Ray facility, has engaged in a pattern or practice of providing inconsistent or unreliable medical or exposure evidence to the Trust, the Trustee may decline to accept additional evidence from such provider, and may further (i) reorder the priority of payment of all affected Claimants' Claims; (ii) raise the level of scrutiny of additional information submitted from the same source or sources; (iii) refuse to accept additional evidence from the same source or sources; (iv) refuse to accept Claims filed by a particular law firm; and (v) require the source of the inconsistent information to pay the costs associated with the audit and any future audit or audits.

11.3 Fraud. In the event that an audit reveals that fraudulent information has been provided to the Trust, the Trustee shall penalize any Claimant or Claimant's attorney by rejecting the Claim. Further, the Trustee may, in his or her discretion, (i) exercise any of the remedies available in Section 11.2 above, (ii) seek the prosecution of the Claimant or Claimant's attorney for presenting a fraudulent claim in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 152; (iii) seek sanctions from the Bankruptcy Court; and (iv) file complaints for disciplinary action with appropriate State Bar organizations.

Section 12

Miscellaneous

12.1 **Medicare.** Pursuant to the terms of the Trust Agreement, with respect to payments made by the Trust, the Trust shall act as reporting agent for any Entities determined to have a reporting obligation under 42 U.S.C. § 1395y et seq. or any other similar statute or regulation, and any related rules, regulations, or guidance issued in connection therewith or relating thereto, including Section 111 of the Medicare, Medicaid, and SCHIP Extension Act of 2008 (P. L. 110-173), or any other similar statute or regulation, and any related rules, regulations, or guidance issued in connection therewith or relating thereto. The Settlement Release shall contain provisions designed to protect the Trust from any Medicare reimbursement claims.

12.2 **Insurance Document Requests.** In order to facilitate the collection by the Debtors and Coltec of insurance and to satisfy obligations under the Debtors' and Coltec's insurance funding and settlement agreements, the Trust shall provide to the Debtors, Coltec or any settling insurer identified by the Debtors or Coltec, promptly upon request, access to data and other information reasonably relating to Claims submitted to and accepted and paid by the Trust. To this end, upon a reasonable showing by the requesting party as to the necessity of the information for one of the purposes set forth above, the Trustee shall make available for review, inspection and audit by such parties, at a mutually agreeable time, records, data and other information reasonably relating to payments made by the Trust for Claims. Upon such a showing, such information may include, to the extent available: (a) the Injured Party's name, address, social security number, date of birth and occupation; (b) the period of the Injured Party's exposure to asbestos-containing products manufactured or distributed by the Debtors or Coltec, including work site(s) and identification of the type of asbestos-containing product(s); (c) with respect to Extraordinary Claims, the period(s) of the Injured Party's exposure to the asbestos-containing products

manufactured or distributed by other companies unrelated to the Debtors and Coltec; (d) the Injured Party's asbestos-related disease, including any medical diagnosis; (e) the date of the Injured Party's diagnosis with an asbestos-related disease; (f) if the Injured Party is deceased, the cause of death and name of his or her personal representative; and (g) amounts paid by the Trust to or on behalf of the Injured Party. All data and information provided pursuant to this Section 12.2 shall be protected by an order or stipulation, so ordered by the Bankruptcy Court, protecting the confidentiality of such data and information and restricting the uses thereof to the express purposes stated in this Section 12.2. The Trustee shall consult with the CAC and the FCR prior to providing the requested data and information.

12.3 Confidentiality of Claimant Submissions. All submissions to the Trust by Claimants, including any materials that the Trust receives as a result of the utilization of the release of information form attached hereto in Appendix V, shall be treated as confidential by the Trust. The Trust will take appropriate steps to preserve the confidentiality of such submissions. The Trustee shall disclose the Claimant submissions with the permission of the Claimant, in response to a valid subpoena, or in accordance with Section 12.2 above. The Trust shall provide the Claimant or counsel for the Claimant with a copy of any such subpoena promptly after being served. Nothing in these CRP, the Plan or the Settlement Facility Agreement expands, limits or impairs the obligation under applicable law of a Claimant to respond fully to lawful discovery in any underlying civil action regarding his or her submission of factual information to the Trust for the purpose of obtaining compensation for asbestos-related injuries from the Trust.

12.4 No Attorney Necessary. These CRP establish an administrative procedure for making defined payments to Claimants based on objective criteria. Furthermore, these CRP are designed so that Claimants can file their Claims without the assistance of an attorney. The Trust

shall not require Claimants to retain an attorney in order to file Claims with the Trust. In addition, the Trustee shall administer these CRP so as to encourage and facilitate Claimants filing Claims without the assistance of an attorney.

12.5 Consent and Consultation Procedures. Pursuant to the Plan and Settlement Facility Agreement, these CRP will be administered by the Trustee and, where applicable, as set forth herein and in the Settlement Facility Agreement, in consultation with the CAC and the FCR or upon having obtained their consent. The initial Trustee, members of the CAC, and the FCR are identified in the Settlement Facility Agreement.

12.6 Amendments. The Trustee, after consulting with the CAC and the FCR, may amend these CRP, including the appendices attached hereto; provided, however, that (a) if the consent of both the CAC and the FCR is required for the subject change pursuant to the provisions hereof or of any such appendices, the Trustee must first obtain such consent and (b) the Trustee may not change any provisions in these CRP or the appendices attached hereto that grant the CAC and the FCR consent or consultation rights without first obtaining the consent of both the CAC and the FCR. The Settlement Facility Agreement sets forth further details, not inconsistent with these CRP, concerning amendments, including remedies if consent cannot be obtained. Nothing herein is intended to preclude the CAC or the FCR from proposing to the Trustee amendments to these CRP. Any amendments must continue to ensure holders of Present Claims and Future Claims are treated fairly and equitably and receive settlement payments that are as equal as possible. Notwithstanding anything contained in these CRP or the Settlement Facility Agreement to the contrary, neither these CRP, the Settlement Facility Agreement, the Settlement Facility Bylaws nor any document annexed to the foregoing shall be modified or amended in any way that could jeopardize, impair, or modify (i) the applicability of section 524(g) of the Bankruptcy Code

to the Plan and the Confirmation Order, (ii) the efficacy or enforceability of the Asbestos Channeling Injunction or any other injunction or release issued or granted in favor of any (or all) of Asbestos Protected Persons in connection with the Plan or (iii) the Trust 's qualified settlement fund status under the QSF Regulations.

12.7 **Severability.** Should any provision contained in these CRP be determined to be unenforceable, such determination shall in no way limit or affect the enforceability and operative effect of any and all other provisions of these CRP.

12.8 **Governing Law.** For all purposes, these CRP and their administration shall be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the internal laws of the State of Delaware without regard to its conflict of laws provisions.

12.9 **Relation to Other Plan Documents.** In the event that these CRP conflict with the Plan, the Plan shall control. In the event these CRP conflict with the Settlement Facility Agreement, these CRP shall control.

APPENDIX I: EXPEDITED CLAIM REVIEW

Introduction

This Appendix describes how the Trust will calculate Matrix Amounts under Expedited Claim Review.

Under this process, the Trust will make settlement offers to qualifying Claimants based on the alleged Injured Party's ("IP") personal characteristics, the occupation in which they allege contact with Coltec Products and/or GST Products, and the time duration working in such occupation.

To qualify for a settlement offer under either Expedited Claim Review or Extraordinary Claim Review, the Claimant, other than a malignant mesothelioma Claimant, must demonstrate that the IP had at least six months of Coltec/GST Product Contact, as defined in the CRP, and must meet the medical criteria described herein and otherwise meet all the applicable medical requirements in the CRP, including those relating to the credibility of medical information.

I.A Occupation and Industry Groups

The Trust will determine the IP's Contact Group based on the IP's occupation and industry during which the IP had Coltec/GST Product Contact; provided, however, that for an IP with Secondary Coltec/GST Product Contact, the Trust will determine the IP's Contact Group based on the relevant occupationally exposed person's occupation and industry (as noted in the CRP, malignant mesothelioma is the only disease that the Trust will provide compensation for if all of the IP's exposure is Secondary Coltec/GST Product Contact). The Contact Groups for each occupation and industry are contained in Appendix IV to these CRP. Occupations and/or industries that would not give rise to exposure to Coltec/GST Product Contact are not listed in

Appendix IV. The Contact Groups have been defined based on the assumed potential frequency and intensity of the IP’s contact with asbestos-containing gasket or packing products, as follows:

- Group 1: Occupations in which there is relatively high frequency of gasket or packing removal work.
- Group 2: Occupations in which there is some gasket or packing removal work with significantly less frequency than in Group 1; close bystander contact from gasket or packing removal is likely.
- Group 3: Gasket or packing removal work is not frequent; potential for bystander contact from gasket or packing removal exists, but is not frequent.
- Group 4: Occasional bystander contact with gaskets or packing or extensive insulation exposure; job does not involve gasket or packing removal work, or minimal compared to Group 3; bystander contact from gasket or packing removal work is possible, but unlikely.
- Group 5: Occupation is unlikely to be encountered or contact with gasket or packing removal is very unlikely.

The Trust will offer Claimants in each Contact Group a settlement no higher than the maximum settlement value allowed for the Contact Group for the claimant’s disease (the “**Maximum Settlement Values**”):

Mesothelioma and Asbestos-Related Lung Cancer Claimants	
Contact Group	Maximum Settlement Values
Group 1	\$298,200
Group 2	\$89,500
Groups 3-5	\$37,300

Severe Asbestosis, Asbestos-Related Other Cancer, Disabling Asbestosis, and Non-Disabling Asbestosis Claimants	
Contact Group	Maximum Settlement Values
Group 1	\$298,200
Group 2	\$89,500
Group 3	\$37,300
Group 4	\$18,600
Group 5	\$1,500

The Claimant’s Expedited Claim Review settlement offer will be the Maximum Settlement Value for the Claimant’s Contact Group multiplied by the IP Factors Index described below. The IP Factors Index varies based on the IP’s disease and medical information, demographic characteristics, economic loss (if Claimant elects to report and document any), and the length of

time the IP spent in the activity or activities in which the IP experienced Coltec/GST Product Contact in the relevant Contact Group.

If the IP had Coltec/GST Product Contact in more than one Contact Group, then the Trust will calculate a separate settlement offer based on the IP's time in each Contact Group (taking into account all years in that Contact Group, whether in the same or different occupations and whether or not continuous) by calculating a separate IP Factors Index for each Contact Group and multiplying it by the Maximum Settlement Value for that Contact Group. The Trust will then offer the Claimant the highest settlement offer yielded by this calculation. With respect to Claimants with a diagnosis other than mesothelioma, if the IP had at least six months total exposure to Coltec Product(s) and/or GST Product(s), but fewer than six months exposure in any one Contact Group, the Trust shall assign the Claimant to the highest value Contact Group where the IP had at least three months exposure. If the IP did not have at least three months exposure in any single Contact Group, or had multiple exposure periods in higher value Contact Groups that were less than three months, then the Trust may combine the periods of exposure from different Contact Groups to reach at least three months, however, in such a case, the Claimant will be assigned to the lowest value Contact Group from the combined periods. (For example, if the IP had two months of exposure in Group 1, two months of exposure in Group 2, and 5 months of exposure in Group 3, the Claimant would be assigned to Group 2.)

I.B Alleged Injured Party Factors Index

The Trust will calculate an IP Factors Index according to the rules set forth below.

I.B.1 Medical Information Factor

The Trust will assign a Medical Information Factor based on the following medical criteria (a Claim with respect to an IP who does not meet the medical criteria for any of the listed

diseases shall receive a Medical Information Factor of 0). Any increase in the Medical Information Factors shall require the consent of both the CAC and the FCR. The Medical Information Factor for malignant mesothelioma shall in no instance be less than 1.

Mesothelioma (Medical Information Factor = 1.0)

1. Diagnosis of malignant mesothelioma by a board-certified pathologist or by a pathology report prepared at or on behalf of a hospital accredited by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations; provided, however, that if a Claimant can establish a compelling reason for the absence of such a pathology report, the Trust may elect, in its sole discretion, to accept a credible diagnosis based upon (i) a physical examination of the IP by a physician providing the diagnosis, which physical examination included a review by the physician of tests results relating to other possible explanations for the IP's condition, or (ii) other credible evidence, including, but not limited to medical records demonstrating treatment of the IP based on a clinical diagnosis of malignant mesothelioma or a death certificate indicating the cause of death is malignant mesothelioma.

Asbestos-Related Lung Cancer (Medical Information Factor = 0.25)

1. Diagnosis of primary lung cancer by board-certified pathologist, internist, pulmonologist, medical oncologist, surgical oncologist, or occupational medicine physician, which diagnosis affirms that exposure to asbestos fibers or dust was a contributing factor in causing the IP's lung cancer; and

2. Either (a) diagnosis of asbestosis (see 3. below), (b) an elevated asbestos lung tissue fiber burden (see 4. below), or (c) a diagnosis of bilateral pleural plaques, diffuse bilateral pleural thickening, or bilateral pleural calcification (see 5. below).

3. A diagnosis of asbestosis must be by a board-certified pulmonologist, internist, radiologist or occupational medicine physician and must be supported by either pathology or radiology:

a. If by pathology, a board-certified pathologist must diagnose asbestosis pursuant to the histologic criteria outlined in “Asbestos-Associated Diseases,” 106 Archives of Pathology and Laboratory Medicine 11, Appendix 3 (October 8, 1982); and

b. If by radiology, the Claimant must provide either (i) a roentgenographic interpretation report of a NIOSH-certified B-reader verifying that the IP has a quality 1 or 2 chest x-ray that has been read by a certified B-reader according to the ILO system of classification as showing bilateral small irregular opacities (s, t, or u) with a profusion grading of 1/0 or higher finding bilateral interstitial infiltrative profusion of 1/0 or greater (Section 2B of the current NIOSH form), or (ii) a written radiology report of a board-certified physician verifying that the IP has a CT scan showing bilateral interstitial fibrosis together with a report from another physician that affirms that the bilateral interstitial fibrosis was caused by asbestos exposure.

4. An elevated asbestos lung tissue fiber burden must be documented by the report of a board-certified pathologist of a retained asbestos fiber burden determined by a laboratory employing procedures and the method of determining reference range values described in “Asbestos-Associated Diseases,” 106 Archives of Pathology and Laboratory Medicine 11, Appendix 3 (October 8, 1982). The laboratory findings must report either (a) a retained fiber count equivalent to at least one million fibers greater than five microns in length per gram of dry lung tissue (values reported as fibers greater than five microns in length per gram of wet lung tissue may be multiplied by a factor of ten to convert to dry lung tissue measurement) or (b) a retained fiber count within the reference range values of the testing laboratory for bona fide cases of asbestosis.

5. A diagnosis of bilateral pleural plaques, diffuse bilateral pleural thickening, or bilateral pleural calcification must be by a board-certified pulmonologist, internist, radiologist or occupational medicine physician and must be supported by either pathology or radiology:

a. If by pathology, a board-certified pathologist must diagnose bilateral pleural plaques, diffuse bilateral pleural thickening, or bilateral pleural calcification; and

b. If by radiology, the Claimant must provide either (i) a roentgenographic interpretation report of a NIOSH-certified B-reader or a board-certified physician verifying that the IP has a quality 1 or 2 chest x-ray showing either bilateral pleural plaques, diffuse bilateral pleural thickening, or bilateral pleural calcification, or (ii) a written radiology report of a board-certified physician verifying that the IP has a CT scan showing either bilateral pleural plaques, diffuse bilateral pleural thickening, or bilateral pleural calcification.

Severe Asbestosis (Medical Information Factor = 0.25)

1. Diagnosis of asbestosis, by board-certified pulmonologist, internist, radiologist, or occupational medicine physician, based on either:

a. A quality 1 or 2 chest x-ray that has been read by a certified B-reader according to the ILO system of classification as showing: bilateral small irregular opacities (s, t, or u) with a profusion grading of 2/1 or higher; or

b. Pathological asbestosis graded 1(B) or higher under the criteria published in “Asbestos-Associated Diseases,” 106 Archives of Pathology and Laboratory Medicine 11, Appendix 3 (October 8, 1982).

2. In addition to (1), asbestos-related pulmonary impairment, as demonstrated by pulmonary function testing showing either:

- a. Forced vital capacity below 65 percent of predicted and FEV1/FVC ratio (using actual values) above 65 percent; or
- b. Total lung capacity, by plethysmography or timed gas dilution, below 65 percent of predicted.

Asbestos-Related Other Cancer (Medical Information Factor = 0.10)

1. Diagnosis of colo-rectal, laryngeal, esophageal, pharyngeal, or stomach cancer by board-certified pathologist, internist, pulmonologist, medical oncologist, surgical oncologist, or occupational medicine physician, which diagnosis affirms that exposure to asbestos fibers or dust was a contributing factor to the IP's cancer; and
2. Either (a) a diagnosis of asbestosis (see 3. below) or (b) a diagnosis of bilateral pleural plaques, diffuse bilateral pleural thickening, or bilateral calcification (see 4. below).
3. A diagnosis of asbestosis must be by a board-certified pulmonologist, internist, radiologist, or occupational medicine physician and must be supported by either pathology or radiology:
 - a. If by pathology, a board-certified pathologist must diagnose asbestosis pursuant to the histologic criteria outlined in "Asbestos-Associated Diseases," 106 Archives of Pathology and Laboratory Medicine 11, Appendix 3 (October 8, 1982); and
 - b. If by radiology, the Claimant must provide either (i) a roentgenographic interpretation report of a NIOSH-certified B-reader verifying that the IP has a quality 1 or 2 chest x-ray that has been read by a certified B-reader according to the ILO system of classification as showing bilateral small irregular opacities (s, t, or u) with a profusion grading of 1/0 or higher finding bilateral interstitial infiltrative profusion of 1/0 or greater (Section 2B of the current NIOSH form) or (ii) a written radiology report of a board-certified physician verifying that the IP has a CT scan showing bilateral interstitial fibrosis together with a

report from another physician that affirms that the bilateral interstitial fibrosis was caused by asbestos exposure.

4. A diagnosis of bilateral pleural plaques, diffuse bilateral pleural thickening, or bilateral pleural calcification must be by a board-certified pulmonologist, internist, radiologist or occupational medicine physician and must be supported by either pathology or radiology:

a. If by pathology, a board-certified pathologist must diagnose bilateral pleural plaques, diffuse bilateral pleural thickening, or bilateral pleural calcification; and

b. If by radiology, the Claimant must provide either (i) a roentgenographic interpretation report of a NIOSH-certified B-reader or a board-certified physician verifying that the IP has a quality 1 or 2 chest x-ray showing either bilateral pleural plaques, diffuse bilateral pleural thickening, or bilateral pleural calcification, or (ii) a written radiology report of a board-certified physician verifying that the IP has a CT scan showing either bilateral pleural plaques, diffuse bilateral pleural thickening, or bilateral pleural calcification.

Disabling Asbestosis (Medical Information Factor = 0.03)

1. Diagnosis of bilateral diffuse interstitial fibrosis of the lungs, by board-certified pulmonologist, internist, radiologist, or occupational medicine physician, based on either:

a. A quality 1 or 2 chest x-ray that has been read by a certified B-reader according to the ILO system of classification as showing: bilateral small irregular opacities (s, t, or u) with a profusion grading of 1/0 or higher;

b. A CT scan that has been read by a board-certified physician showing bilateral interstitial fibrosis; or

- c. Pathological asbestosis graded 1(B) or higher under the criteria published in “Asbestos-Associated Diseases,” 106 Archives of Pathology and Laboratory Medicine 11, Appendix 3 (October 8, 1982).
2. In addition to (1), asbestos-related pulmonary impairment, as demonstrated by pulmonary function testing showing either:
 - a. Forced vital capacity below 80 percent of predicted and FEV1/FVC ratio (using actual values) at or above 65 percent; or
 - b. Total lung capacity, by plethysmography or timed gas dilution, below 80 percent of predicted.

Non-Disabling Asbestosis (Medical Information Factor = 0.02)

1. Diagnosis of bilateral diffuse interstitial fibrosis of the lungs, by board-certified pulmonologist, internist, radiologist, or occupational medicine physician, based on either:
 - a. A quality 1 or 2 chest x-ray that has been read by a certified B-reader according to the ILO system of classification as showing: bilateral small irregular opacities (s, t, or u) with a profusion grading of 1/0 or higher;
 - b. A CT scan that has been read by a board-certified physician showing bilateral interstitial fibrosis; or
 - c. Pathological asbestosis graded 1(B) or higher under the criteria published in “Asbestos-Associated Diseases,” 106 Archives of Pathology and Laboratory Medicine 11, Appendix 3 (October 8, 1982).

I.B.2 Age Factor

Claimants with younger IPs receive higher settlement offers than Claimants with older IPs. The Trust will determine the Age Factor based on the earlier of the IP’s diagnosis date

and death date (the “**IP Age**”). The Trust will assign an Age Factor of 1 for an IP Age of 75. The Trust will decrease the Age Factor by 0.015 for every IP Age year above 75, but will not decrease the Age Factor below 0.7. The Trust will increase the Age Factor by 0.015 for every IP Age year below 75, but will not increase the Age Factor above 1.4.

I.B.3 Life Status Factor

The Life Status Factor for all mesothelioma claimants shall be 1.3, For all other diseases, if the IP is alive at the time the Claim Form is filed with the Trust, the Trust will assign a Life Status Factor of 1.3. If the IP is deceased at the time the Claim Form is filed with the Trust, the Trust will assign a Life Status Factor of 1.

I.B.4 Dependents Factor

If the IP does not have a spouse or other dependents (minor children, adult disabled dependent children, or dependent minor grandchildren) as of the date the Claim Form is filed with the Trust, the Trust will assign a Dependents Factor of 0.8. If the IP has a spouse but no other dependents as of the date the Claim Form is filed with the Trust, the Trust will assign a Dependents Factor of 1. Finally, if the IP has dependents (minor children, adult disabled dependent children, or dependent minor grandchildren) who derive (or who derived at the time of the diagnosis of the disease that is the subject of the Claim) at least one-half of their financial support from the IP, the Trust will assign a Dependents Factor of 1.4.

I.B.5 Economic Loss Factor

Claimants may elect (but are not required) to document economic losses related to the IP’s loss of earnings, pension, social security, home services, medical expenses, and funerary expenses. If the Claimant does not document economic loss or for which the economic loss amount is \$200,000 or less, the Trust will assign an Economic Loss Factor of 1.0. If the documented

economic loss amount is greater than \$200,000, the Trust will adjust the Economic Loss Factor upward by 0.001 for every thousand dollars of economic loss over \$200,000, up to a maximum Economic Loss Factor of 1.4. All claimed economic loss over \$200,000 must be supported by adequate documentation.

I.B.6 Duration of Coltec/GST Product Contact Factor

If the IP spent an aggregate of between six (6) months (other than an IP with malignant mesothelioma for whom there is no minimum period of exposure) and two (2) years performing the activity or activities in which the IP experienced Coltec/GST Product Contact in a Contact Group, the Trust will assign a Duration of Coltec/GST Product Contact Factor of 0.8. If the IP spent an aggregate of between two (2) years and four (4) years performing the activity or activities in which the IP experienced Coltec/GST Product Contact in a Contact Group, the Trust will assign a Duration of Coltec/GST Product Contact Factor of 0.9. If the IP spent an aggregate of between four (4) years and six (6) years performing the activity or activities in which the IP experienced Coltec/GST Product Contact in a Contact Group, the Trust will assign a Duration of Coltec/GST Product Contact Factor of 1.0. If the IP spent an aggregate of between six (6) years and eight (8) years performing the activity or activities in which the IP experienced Coltec/GST Product Contact in a Contact Group, the Trust will assign a Duration of Coltec/GST Product Contact Factor of 1.1. If the IP spent an aggregate of eight (8) years or more performing the activity or activities in which the IP experienced Coltec/GST Product Contact in a Contact Group, the Trust will assign a Duration of Coltec/GST Product Contact Factor of 1.2. The periods of time hereunder need not be continuous (i.e., the months spent by the IP performing the activity or activities in which the IP experienced Coltec/GST Product Contact in a Contact Group will be added together to determine the relevant number of months for the calculation of the Duration of

Coltec/GST Product Contact Factor) and shall be calculated based on the amount of time that the IP spent performing the activity or activities in which the IP experienced Coltec/GST Product Contact in an occupation and industry in the relevant Contact Group. If the Claimant experienced Coltec/GST Product Contact in a Contact Group while confined to a ship at sea for one hundred (100) days, the Trust shall consider the one hundred (100) days of exposure equivalent to one year of Coltec/GST Product Contact in the Contact Group. In measuring the duration of Coltec/GST Product Contact in a Contact Group, the Trust shall consider the starting date to be the date the IP began working at the site where he/she experienced Coltec/GST Product Contact in the subject occupation and industry and the end date to be the date when the IP ceased to work at such site in the subject occupation and industry.

I.B.7 Calculation of IP Factors Index

To calculate the IP Factors Index, the Trust will multiply the Medical Information Factor, Age Factor, Life Status Factor, Dependents Factor, Economic Loss Factor, and Duration of Coltec/GST Product Contact Factor. The Trust shall divide the product of the various factors by 4.28064. The range of the IP Factors Index is 0% to 100%.

I.C Settlement Offer Determination

The Trust will determine the Expedited Claim Review Matrix Amount by multiplying the Maximum Settlement Value for the Claimant's Contact Group and disease by the IP Factors Index. As set forth in Section I.A above, if the IP had Coltec/GST Product Contact in more than one Contact Group, then the Trust will determine a separate settlement offer based on the IP's time in each Contact Group and offer the Claimant the highest settlement offer yielded by this calculation.

For any Claimant paid by the Trust prior to the effective date of the Second Amended and Restated CRP (April 1, 2021) the Trustee may, in his sole discretion, recalculate the IP Factors

Index and Settlement Offer Determination under the terms of the Second Amended and Restated CRP and issue a supplemental payment equal to the difference between the prior payment and the updated Expedited Claim Review Matrix Amount. For any offer returned to the Trust but not yet paid as of the effective date of the Second Amended and Restated CRP (April 1, 2021), the Trustee may, in his sole discretion, recalculate the IP Factors Index and Settlement Offer Determination under the terms of the Second Amended and Restated CRP and issue payment based on the higher Expedited Claim Review Matrix Amount. Any dispute in connection with this paragraph shall be limited to whether there was an abuse of discretion and resolved pursuant to the ADR Procedures and in accordance with Sections 9.3-9.6 of the CRP.

APPENDIX II: EXTRAORDINARY CLAIM REVIEW

This Appendix describes how the Trust will calculate Matrix Amounts for Claimants electing Extraordinary Claim Review. In order to be eligible to elect Extraordinary Claim Review, the Claim must be an Extraordinary Claim as defined in Section 1.1(p) of the CRP, specifically a malignant Claim that meets the exposure and medical criteria set forth in Appendix I and that is with respect to an Injured Party (“IP”) who credibly documents (a) a history of extraordinary Coltec/GST Product Contact with little or no exposure to asbestos from other Entities’ products and (b) there has not been and there is little likelihood of a substantial recovery elsewhere. Claimants diagnosed with non-malignant diseases do not qualify for Extraordinary Claim Review. Any dispute as to whether a Claim is or is not an Extraordinary Claim shall be submitted to a special Extraordinary Claims Panel to be established by the Trustee with the consent of the CAC and the FCR. All decisions of the Extraordinary Claims Panel as to whether a Claim is or is not an Extraordinary Claim shall be final and not reviewable in either arbitration or court.

Under Extraordinary Claim Review, qualifying Claimants will receive a settlement offer based on the same IP factors as under Expedited Claim Review, but the Trust will also consider the IP’s complete job and exposure history, and information regarding the Claimant’s Other Claims.

In Extraordinary Claim Review, the maximum allowed settlement offer (the “**Maximum Extraordinary Settlement**”) is an amount equal to five (5) times the Expedited Claim Review Matrix Amount that the subject Claim would have received under the Expedited Claim Review. The Trust shall first calculate the Expedited Claim Review Matrix Amount for the Extraordinary Claim in the manner set forth in Appendix I and multiply such amount by five (5) to determine the Maximum Extraordinary Settlement. The Trust will then use information provided by the

Claimant pursuant to Section 6.8 of the CRP to determine the percentage of the Maximum Extraordinary Settlement that the Trust will offer the Claimant, with the amount to be offered being determined by the Trustee, in his or her complete discretion, after consideration of the merits of the Extraordinary Claim. In making such determination, the Trustee shall consider, among other things, the number of companies that contributed to the IP's exposure to asbestos-containing products. Based on information provided by the Claimant in compliance with the CRP, the Trust will calculate the total number of such parties as (a) the number of companies whose products are identified as a source of the IP's asbestos exposure in tort discovery (including in interrogatory answers and depositions); (b) if not already included in (a), the number of trusts where the Claimant has filed or expresses an intention to file a claim; and (c) if not already included in (a) or (b), the asbestos defendants in whose bankruptcy proceedings the Claimant cast a ballot, unless the Claimant verifies that he or she will not file a claim against such defendant's trust. The Trustee's determination of the amount to be offered to the holder of an Extraordinary Claim shall be final and not reviewable in either arbitration or court.

APPENDIX III: FORM OF SETTLEMENT RELEASE

**GARLOCK SETTLEMENT FACILITY
RELEASE AND INDEMNITY AGREEMENT**

NOTICE: THIS IS A BINDING DOCUMENT THAT AFFECTS YOUR LEGAL RIGHTS. PLEASE CONSULT YOUR ATTORNEY IN CONNECTION WITH EXECUTING THIS DOCUMENT. IF YOU DO NOT PRESENTLY HAVE AN ATTORNEY, YOU MAY WISH TO CONSIDER CONSULTING ONE.

WHEREAS, the undersigned, who is either the “Injured Party,” or the/an “Official Representative”² (either being referred to herein as the “**Claimant**”), has filed a claim (the “**Claim**”) with the Garlock Settlement Facility (the “**Trust**”) pursuant to the Settlement Facility Claims Resolution Procedures (the “**CRP**”) established in *In re Garlock Sealing Technologies, LLC*, Case No. 10-BK-31607 (Bankr. W.D.N.C.) and *In re OldCo, LLC*, Case No. 16-BK-_____ (Bankr. W.D.N.C) and such Claimant asserts a GST Asbestos Claim and/or a Coltec Asbestos Claim (collectively, “**Asbestos Claim**”) (all capitalized terms not defined herein shall have the respective meanings ascribed to them either in the CRP or in the Joint Plan of Reorganization of Garlock Sealing Technologies LLC, et al. and OldCo, LLC, Proposed Successor by Merger to Coltec Industries Inc. (the “**Plan**”) confirmed by the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Western District of North Carolina and the United States District Court for the Western District of North Carolina on [DATE], Case Nos. 10-BK-31607 and 16-BK-_____ (lead cases)), and

WHEREAS, the Claimant has agreed to settle and compromise the Injured Party’s Claim, for and in consideration of the allowance of the Claim by the Trust and its payment pursuant to the CRP in accordance with the terms set forth therein and herein;

NOW, THEREFORE, the Claimant hereby agrees as follows:

1. On behalf of the Injured Party, the Injured Party’s estate, the Injured Party’s heirs and/or anyone else claiming rights through the Injured Party, now and in the future, the Claimant hereby fully and finally RELEASES, ACQUITS and FOREVER DISCHARGES (a) the Trust, the Debtors, the Reorganized Debtors, the CAC, the FCR and their respective settlors, trustees, directors, officers, agents, consultants, financial advisors, servants, employees, attorneys, heirs and executors and (b) the other Asbestos Protected Parties (collectively the “**Releasees**”), except as expressly provided in paragraphs 2 and 5 herein.

2. Notwithstanding the paragraph immediately above or anything to the contrary contained herein, if the Claim involves a non-malignant asbestos-related disease, the Injured Party may file a new Asbestos Claim against the Trust for a malignant disease that is diagnosed after the date of the Claimant's original submission of a proof of claim form to the Trust with respect to the Claim.

3. The Claimant expressly covenants and agrees forever to refrain from bringing any suit or proceeding at law or in equity, against the Releasees with respect to any Claim released herein.

² The “Official Representative” is the/a person who under applicable state law or legal documentation has the authority to represent the Injured Party, the Injured Party’s estate or the Injured Party’s heirs.

4. Except as expressly provided herein, the Claimant intends this Release and Indemnity Agreement to be as broad and comprehensive as possible so that the Releasees shall never be liable, directly or indirectly, to the Injured Party or the Injured Party's heirs, legal representatives, successors or assigns, or any other entity claiming by, through, under or on behalf of the Injured Party, for or on account of any Asbestos Claim, whether the same is now known or unknown or may now be latent or may in the future appear to develop, including all spousal or dependants' claims for the Injured Party's injuries. If the Claimant is an Official Representative, the Claimant represents and warrants that the Claimant has all requisite legal authority to act for, bind, release claims of and accept payment on behalf of the Injured Party and all heirs of the Injured Party on account of any Asbestos Claim against the Releasees and hereby agrees to indemnify and hold harmless, to the extent of payment hereunder, excluding attorney's fees and costs, the Releasees from any loss, cost, damage or expense arising out of or in connection with the rightful claim of any other entity to payments with respect to the Injured Party's Asbestos Claim.

5. This Release and Indemnity Agreement is not intended to bar any cause of action, right, lien or claim which the Claimant may have against any alleged tortfeasor or other person or entity not included in the definition of Releasees. The Claimant hereby expressly reserves all his or her rights against such persons or entities. This Release and Indemnity Agreement is not intended to release or discharge any Asbestos Claim or potential Asbestos Claim that the Injured Party's heirs (if any), spouse (if any), the Official Representative (if any) or the Official Representative's heirs (if any) (other than the Injured Party) may have as a result of their own exposure to asbestos or asbestos-containing products.

6. The Claimant represents and warrants that all valid liens and reimbursement claims relating to benefits paid to or on account of the Injured Party in connection with, or relating to, the Asbestos Claim, have been resolved or will be resolved from the proceeds of the settlement payment to the Claimant under this Release or otherwise. It is further agreed and understood that no Releasee shall have any liability to the Claimant or any other person or entity in connection with such liens or reimbursement claims and that the Claimant will hold the Releasees harmless from any and all such alleged liability to the extent of payment hereunder, excluding attorney's fees and costs. In addition, the Claimant will hold the Releasees harmless, to the extent of payment hereunder, excluding attorney's fees and costs, from any and all liability arising from subrogation, indemnity or contribution claims related to the Asbestos Claim released herein.

7. It is further agreed and understood that if the Claimant has filed a civil action against the Trust, the Claimant shall dismiss such civil action and obtain the entry of an Order of Dismissal with Prejudice with respect to any Asbestos Claim released herein no later than 30 days after the date hereof.

8. The Claimant understands that the Asbestos Claim released herein has been allowed by the Trust, and a liquidated value of \$xxxxxx has been established for such Claim.

9. In the event of a verdict against others, any judgment entered on the verdict that

takes into account the status of the Trust as a joint tortfeasor legally responsible for the Injured Party's injuries shall be reduced by no more than the total and actual amount paid as consideration for this Release or such lesser amount as allowed by law.

10. The Claimant understands, represents and warrants this Release and Indemnity Agreement to be a compromise of a disputed claim and not an admission of liability by, or on the part of, the Releasees. Neither this Release and Indemnity Agreement, the compromise and settlement evidenced hereby, nor any evidence relating thereto, will ever be admissible as evidence against the Trust in any suit, claim or proceeding of any nature except to enforce this Release and Indemnity Agreement. However, this Release and Indemnity Agreement is and may be asserted by the Releasees as an absolute and final bar to any claim or proceeding now pending or hereafter brought by or on behalf of the Injured Party with respect to the Asbestos Claim released herein, except as expressly provided herein.

11. The Claimant (1) represents that no judgment debtor has satisfied, in full or in part, the Trust's liability with respect to the Injured Party's Asbestos Claim as the result of a judgment entered in the tort system and (2) upon information and belief, represents that the Claimant has not entered into a release (other than this Release and Indemnity Agreement) that discharges or releases the Trust's liability to the Claimant with respect to the Injured Party's Asbestos Claim.

12. The Claimant represents that he or she understands that this Release and Indemnity Agreement constitutes a final and complete release of the Releasees with respect to the Injured Party's Asbestos Claim, except as expressly provided in paragraphs 2 and 5 herein. The Claimant has relied solely upon his or her own knowledge and information, and the advice of his or her attorneys (if any), as to the nature, extent and duration of the Injured Party's injuries, damages, and legal rights, as well as the alleged liability of the Trust and the legal consequences of this Release and Indemnity Agreement, and not on any statement or representation made by or on behalf of the Trust.

13. This Release and Indemnity Agreement contains the entire agreement between the Claimant and the Releasees and supersedes all prior or contemporaneous, oral or written agreements or understandings relating to the subject matter hereof, including, without limitation, any prior agreements or understandings with respect to the liquidation of the Claim.

14. This Release and Indemnity Agreement shall be governed by, and construed and enforced in accordance with, the laws of the State of Delaware, without giving effect to the principles of conflicts of law thereof and shall be binding on the Injured Party and his or her heirs, legal representatives, successors and assigns.

15. To the extent applicable, the Claimant hereby waives all rights under Section 1542 of the California Civil Code, and any similar laws of any other state. California Civil Code Section 1542 states:

A general release does not extend to claims which the creditor does not know or suspect to exist in his or her favor at the time of executing the release, which if

known by him or her must have materially affected his or her settlement with the debtor.

The Claimant understands and acknowledges that because of the Claimant's waiver of Section 1542 of the California Civil Code, even if the Injured Party should eventually suffer additional damages, the Injured Party will not be able to make any claim against the Releasees for those damages, except as expressly provided in paragraphs 2 and 5 herein. The Claimant acknowledges that he or she intends these consequences.

16. If the Claimant's counsel directed the [NAME OF CLAIMS PROCESSING FACILITY] (the "**Claims Processor**") to transmit to the Trust any information from the Claims Processor for purposes of settling the Claim, the Claimant acknowledges that the Claimant consented to the disclosure, transfer and/or exchange of information related to the Claim (including medical information) between the Trust and the Claims Processor in connection with the [NAME OF CLAIMS PROCESSING FACILITY]'s processing of the Claim.

17. The Claimant authorizes payment pursuant to Paragraph 8 to the Claimant or the Claimant's counsel, as trustee for the Claimant.

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Medicare Secondary Payer Certification

The Claimant hereby represents and certifies to the Trust that, in respect of the Claim, the Claimant has paid or will provide for the payment and/or resolution of any obligations owing or potentially owing under 42 U.S.C. § 1395y(b), or any related rules, regulations, or guidance, in connection with or relating to the Asbestos Claim.

Certification

I state that I have carefully read the foregoing Release and Indemnity Agreement and know the contents thereof, and I sign the same as my own free act. I additionally certify, under penalty of perjury, that the information that has been provided to support the Claim is true according to my knowledge, information and belief and further that I have the authority as the Claimant to sign this Release and Indemnity Agreement.

I am: _____ the Injured Party
_____ the Official Representative of the Injured Party, the Injured Party's Estate or the Injured Party's Heirs

EXECUTED this _____ day of _____, 20

Signature of the Claimant

Name of the Claimant:

CLAIMANT SSN: ***-**-

Name of the Injured Party if different from the Claimant:

INJURED PARTY SSN: ***-**-

[If Claimant is not executing this Release and Indemnity Agreement electronically using the electronic signature process, the Claimant's signature must be authenticated by the signatures of two persons unrelated to the Claimant who witnessed the signing of this Release and Indemnity Agreement or by a notary public.]

SWORN to and subscribed before me this ____ day of _____, 20__

Notary Public
My Commission Expires: _____

[OR]

Signatures of two persons unrelated to the Claimant by blood or marriage who witnessed the signing of this Release and Indemnity Agreement

Witness Signature

Witness Signature

**APPENDIX IV: OCCUPATION CLASSIFICATION
INTO CONTACT GROUPS**

Contact Groups

Code	Occupation	Original PIQ Code	Contact Group
G-1	GASKET CUTTER (SECONDARY MANUFACTURING ONLY)	NA	1
G-2	INDUSTRIAL PLUMBER	O-43	1
G-3	MARITIME MACHINERY REPAIRMAN	N-13	1
G-4	MARITIME MACHINIST'S MATE	N-12	1
G-5A	MILLWRIGHT (CHEMICAL, MARITIME, MILITARY, PETROCHEMICAL, SHIPYARD CONSTRUCTION/REPAIR, TEXTILE, AND UTILITIES INDUSTRIES)	O-37	1
G-6	PIPEFITTER	O-41	1
G-7	STEAMFITTER	O-55	1
N-1	U.S. NAVY MACHINERY REPAIRMAN	N-13	1
N-2	U.S. NAVY MACHINIST'S MATE	N-12	1
N-3	U.S. NAVY PIPEFITTER	N-16	1
G-8	BOILER TECHNICIAN / REPAIRMAN / BOILERMAKER	O-09; O-10; O-11	2
G-9A	FIREMAN (CHEMICAL, MARITIME, MILITARY, PETROCHEMICAL, SHIPYARD CONSTRUCTION/REPAIR, UTILITIES INDUSTRIES)	O-25	2
G-10A	MACHINIST (MARITIME, MILITARY, SHIPYARD CONSTRUCTION/REPAIR, UTILITIES INDUSTRIES)	O-36	2
G-11	MARITIME ENGINEMAN, OILER, WIPER	N-5	2
G-5B	MILLWRIGHT (OTHER INDUSTRIES)	O-37	2
G-12	REFINERY WORKER (CHEMICAL, LONGSHORE, AND PETROCHEMICAL INDUSTRIES)	O-47	2
G-13	SHIPFITTER / SHIPWRIGHT / SHIP BUILDER (CONSTRUCTION TRADES, MARITIME, MILITARY, AND SHIPYARD CONSTRUCTION/REPAIR INDUSTRIES)	O-53	2

Code	Occupation	Original PIQ Code	Contact Group
N-4	U.S. NAVY BOILER TECHNICIAN, BOILER MAKER	N-1; N-2	2
N-5	U.S. NAVY ENGINEMAN, OILER, WIPER	N-5	2
N-6	U.S. NAVY FIREMAN	N-6	2
G-14	AIR CONDITIONING AND HEATING INSTALLER / MAINTENANCE	O-02	3
G-15	ASSEMBLY LINE / FACTORY / PLANT WORKER	O-07	3
G-16	BUILDING MAINTENANCE / SUPERINTENDENT (INDUSTRIAL)	O-12	3
G-17	BURNER OPERATOR	O-15	3
G-18	CONSTRUCTION (COMMERCIAL OR INDUSTRIAL)	O-19	3
G-19	CUSTODIAN / JANITOR (INDUSTRIAL ENVIRONMENT)	O-21	3
G-20	ELECTRICIAN	O-22	3
G-21A	ENGINEER (CHEMICAL, CONSTRUCTION TRADES, IRON/STEEL, MILITARY, PETROCHEMICAL, SHIPYARD CONSTRUCTION/REPAIR, UTILITIES INDUSTRIES)	O-23	3
G-9B	FIREMAN (OTHER INDUSTRIES)	O-25	3
G-22A	FURNACE WORKER / REPAIRMAN / INSTALLER (CHEMICAL, CONSTRUCTION TRADES, IRON/STEEL, MARITIME, MILITARY, PETROCHEMICAL, SHIPYARD CONSTRUCTION/REPAIR, UTILITIES INDUSTRIES)	O-28	3
G-23	LABORER	O-34	3
G-10B	MACHINIST (OTHER INDUSTRIES)	O-36	3
G-24	NAVY / MARITIME (OTHER SHIPBOARD)	NA	3
G-25	POWER PLANT OPERATOR	O-44	3
G-26	RAILROAD WORKER (RAILROAD INDUSTRY)	O-46	3
G-27	RUBBER / TIRE WORKER (TIRE/RUBBER INDUSTRY)	O-50	3

Code	Occupation	Original PIQ Code	Contact Group
G-28	SEAMAN	O-49	3
G-29A	SHEET METAL WORKER / SHEET METAL MECHANIC (CHEMICAL, CONSTRUCTION TRADES, IRON/STEEL, MARITIME, MILITARY, SHIPYARD CONSTRUCTION/REPAIR, UTILITIES INDUSTRIES)	O-52	3
G-30	SHIPYARD WORKER (MAINLAND REPAIR, MAINTENANCE)	O-54	3
G-31	STEELWORKER (CONSTRUCTION TRADES AND IRON/STEEL INDUSTRIES)	O-56	3
N-7	U.S. NAVY DAMAGE CONTROLMAN	N-3	3
N-8	U.S. NAVY ELECTRICIAN'S MATE	N-4	3
N-9	U.S. NAVY GAS TURBINE SYSTEM TECHNICIAN	N-7	3
N-10	U.S. NAVY INSTRUMENTMAN	N-10	3
G-32	WELDER	O-58	3
G-33	ASBESTOS SPRAYER / SPRAY GUN MECHANIC	O-06	4
G-34	BRICK MASON / LAYER / HOD CARRIER	O-14	4
G-35	CARPENTER	O-16	4
G-36	CLERICAL / OFFICE WORKER	O-18	4
G-37A	CUSTODIAN / JANITOR IN OFFICE / RESIDENTIAL BUILDING (CONSTRUCTION TRADES)	O-20	4
G-21B	ENGINEER (OTHER INDUSTRIES)	O-23	4
G-38	FIREFIGHTER	O-24	4
G-39	FOUNDRY WORKER	O-27	4
G-22B	FURNACE WORKER / REPAIRMAN / INSTALLER (OTHER INDUSTRIES)	O-28	4
G-40	GLASS WORKER	O-29	4
G-41	HEAVY EQUIPMENT OPERATOR (INDUSTRIAL ENVIRONMENT)	O-30	4
G-42	INSULATOR	O-31	4
G-43	IRON WORKER	O-32	4
G-44	JOINER (CONSTRUCTION TRADES, MARITIME, MILITARY,	O-33	4

Code	Occupation	Original PIQ Code	Contact Group
	AND SHIPYARD CONSTRUCTION/REPAIR INDUSTRIES)		
G-45	LONGSHOREMAN, RIGGER, STEVEDORE (LONGSHORE, MARITIME, PETROCHEMICAL, AND SHIPYARD CONSTRUCTION/REPAIR INDUSTRIES)	O-35, O-49	4
G-46	MIXER / BAGGER	O-38	4
G-47	PAINTER (COMMERCIAL/INDUSTRIAL ENVIRONMENT)	O-40	4
G-48	PLASTERER	O-42	4
G-49	SANDBLASTER	O-51	4
G-29B	SHEET METAL WORKER / SHEET METAL MECHANIC (OTHER INDUSTRIES)	O-52	4
G-50	WAREHOUSE WORKER (INDUSTRIAL ENVIRONMENT)	O-57	4
G-51	ASBESTOS MINER	O-03	5
G-52	ASBESTOS PLANT / ASBESTOS MANUFACTURING WORKER	O-04	5
G-53	ASBESTOS REMOVAL / ABATEMENT	O-05	5
G-54	AUTO MECHANIC / BRAKE REPAIRMAN, INSTALLER	O-08	5
G-55	BRAKE MANUFACTURER / INSTALLER	O-13	5
G-56	CHIPPER / GRINDER	O-17	5
G-37B	CUSTODIAN / JANITOR IN OFFICE / RESIDENTIAL BUILDING (OTHER INDUSTRIES)	O-20	5
G-57	FLOORING INSTALLER / TILE INSTALLER / TILE MECHANIC	O-26	5
G-58	NON-ASBESTOS MINER	O-39	5
G-59	NON-OCCUPATIONAL / RESIDENTIAL / DO-IT-YOURSELF (DIY) ³	O-01	5
G-60	PROFESSIONAL (INDUSTRIAL ENVIRONMENT)	O-45	5

³ Unless otherwise indicated, any occupation in a residential/do-it-yourself or non-industrial environment will be classified in this group.

Code	Occupation	Original PIQ Code	Contact Group
G-61	OTHER	NA	5

**APPENDIX V: AUTHORIZATION FOR TRUST TO OBTAIN OTHER ASBESTOS
TRUST RECORDS**

**AUTHORIZATION FOR RELEASE OF RECORDS OF OTHER ASBESTOS TRUSTS
AND CLAIMS RESOLUTION FACILITIES**

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

The Claimant named below hereby authorizes each Other Asbestos Trust and Claim Resolution Facility listed in the attachment hereto to provide directly to the GST Settlement Facility (“Trust”), or any of its representatives, all submissions made by Claimant and (if different from the Claimant) the party whose injury forms the basis of the claim (the “Injured Party”), including claim forms, any attachments to claim forms, and any amended or supplemental claim forms. Claimant expressly acknowledges that the Other Asbestos Trust or Claim Resolution Facility may provide such documents directly to the Trust and need not obtain any further authorization from the Claimant or his/her representatives.

A copy of this Authorization shall be as valid as the original. This Authorization contains no expiration date and may be exercised by the Trust at any time. If Claimant’s representative has signed this Authorization, a notarized power of attorney is attached.

Name of Claimant: _____
Social Security No.: _____
Date of Birth: _____

Name of Injured Party (if different from Claimant): _____
Social Security No.: _____
Date of Birth: _____

Name of representative for Claimant or Injured Party: _____

Signing party: _____

Signature: _____

Date: _____

Notarized:

Attachment: List of Other Asbestos Trusts and Claim Resolution Facilities

List of Other Asbestos Trusts and Claim Resolution Facilities

A&I Corp. Asbestos Bodily Injury Trust	Forty-Eight Insulations Qualified Settlement Trust	Raytech Corp. Asbestos Personal Injury Settlement Trust
A-Best Asbestos Settlement Trust	Fuller-Austin Asbestos Settlement Trust	Rock Wool Mfg Company Asbestos Trust
AC&S Asbestos Settlement Trust	G-I Asbestos Settlement Trust	Rutland Fire Clay Company Asbestos Trust
Amatex Asbestos Disease Trust Fund	H.K. Porter Asbestos Trust	Shook & Fletcher Asbestos Settlement Trust
APG Asbestos Trust	Hercules Chemical Company, Inc. Asbestos Trust	Skinner Engine Co. Asbestos Trust
API, Inc. Asbestos Settlement Trust	J.T. Thorpe Settlement Trust	Stone and Webster Asbestos Trust
Armstrong World Industries Asbestos Personal Injury Settlement Trust	JT Thorpe Company Successor Trust	Swan Asbestos and Silica Settlement Trust
ARTRA 524(g) Asbestos Trust	Kaiser Asbestos Personal Injury Trust	T H Agriculture & Nutrition, LLC Industries Asbestos Personal Injury Trust
ASARCO LLC Asbestos Personal Injury Settlement Trust	Keene Creditors Trust	Thorpe Insulation Company Asbestos Personal Injury Settlement Trust
Babcock & Wilcox Company Asbestos Personal Injury Settlement Trust	Lummus 524(g) Asbestos PI Trust	United States Gypsum Asbestos Personal Injury Settlement Trust
Bartells Asbestos Settlement Trust	Lykes Tort Claims Trust	United States Lines, Inc. and United States Lines (S.A.) Inc. Reorganization Trust
Brauer 524(g) Asbestos Trust	M.H. Detrick Company Asbestos Trust	United States Mineral Products Company Asbestos Personal Injury Settlement Trust
Burns and Roe Asbestos Personal Injury Settlement	Manville Personal Injury	UNR Asbestos-Disease

Trust	Settlement Trust	Claims Trust
C.E. Thurston & Sons Asbestos Trust	Muralo Trust	Utex Industries, Inc. Successor Trust
Celotex Asbestos Settlement Trust	NGC Bodily Injury Trust	Wallace & Gale Company Asbestos Settlement Trust
Combustion Engineering 524(g) Asbestos PI Trust	Owens Corning Fibreboard Asbestos Personal Injury Trust (OC Sub-Fund)	Western MacArthur-Western Asbestos Trust
Congoleum Plan Trust	Owens Corning Fibreboard Asbestos Personal Injury Trust (FB Sub-Fund)	W.R. Grace Trust
DII Industries, LLC Asbestos PI Trust	PLI Disbursement Trust	Pittsburgh Corning Trust
Eagle-Picher Industries Personal Injury Settlement Trust	Plibrico Asbestos Trust	
Federal Mogul U.S. Asbestos Personal Injury Trust	Porter Hayden Bodily Injury Trust	

APPENDIX VI: SETTLED GST ASBESTOS CLAIMS

[TO BE PROVIDED]

APPENDIX VII: PRE-PETITION JUDGMENT GST ASBESTOS CLAIMS

<u>Claimant Name</u>	<u>Jurisdiction</u>	<u>Claim Amount Asserted</u>	<u>Judgment Date</u>
Torres, Dora	Cameron County, TX	\$675,000 (plus interest)	March 22, 2010
Morales, Angelica Torres*	Cameron County, TX	\$675,000 (plus interest)	March 22, 2010

* Debtors believe claimant is asserting claim as the personal representative of the estate of Oscar Torres.

**APPENDIX VIII: (A) ORDER APPROVING DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AND
ESTABLISHING ASBESTOS CLAIMS BAR DATE AND PROCEDURES FOR
SOLICITATION, DATED APR. 10, 2015 (GST DOCKET NO. 4542)**

[TO BE PROVIDED]

**APPENDIX IX: ORDER (I) FIXING BAR DATE FOR CERTAIN ASBESTOS CLAIMS,
(II) APPROVING PROOF OF CLAIM FORM AND PROPOSED PROCEDURES FOR
FILING CERTAIN COLTEC ASBESTOS CLAIMS, AND (III) APPROVING FORM
AND MANNER OF NOTICE THEREOF, DATED FEB. 3, 2017 (OLDCO, LLC DOCKET
NO. 53)**

[TO BE PROVIDED]